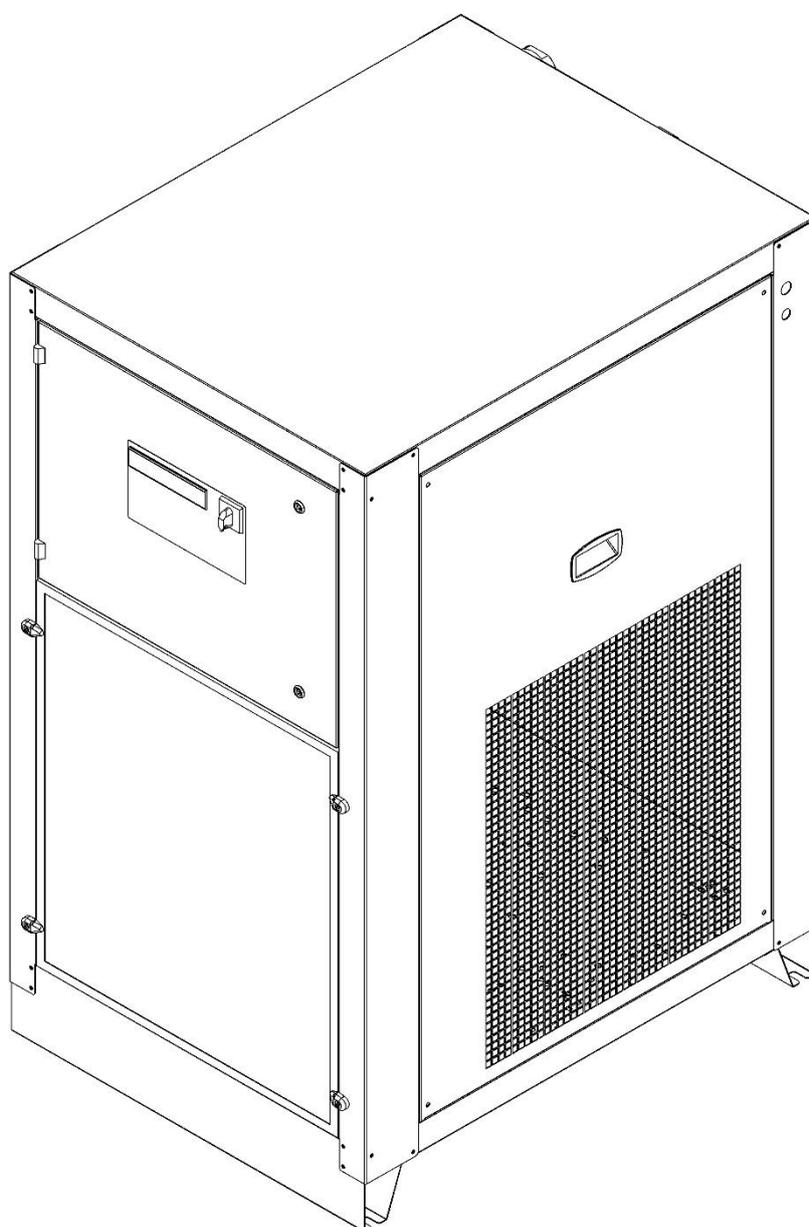


EN - english



**Instructions for installation and operation**  
**Compressed air refrigeration dryer - Chiller**  
**DRYPOINT® RA LC 280-420 NA**



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Dear customer,

Thank you for deciding in favour of the DRYPOINT® RA LC 280-420 NA compressed-air refrigeration dryer - chiller. Please read these installation and operating instructions carefully before mounting and starting up the DRYPOINT® RA LC 280-420 NA and follow our directions. Perfect functioning of the DRYPOINT® RA LC 280-420 NA and thus reliable compressed-air drying can only be guaranteed when the provisions and notes stipulated here are strictly adhered to.

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## 1 Name plate

The name plate is on the back of the dryer and comprises all primary data of the device. Always refer to these data when contacting the manufacturer or the sales department.

All guarantee claims will expire in the event that the name plate is modified or removed.

## 2 Safety instructions



### **Please check whether or not these instructions correspond to the device type.**

Please adhere to all advice given in these operating instructions. They include essential information which must be observed during installation, operation and maintenance. Therefore, it must be ensured that these operating instructions are read by the fitter and the responsible operator / certified skilled personnel prior to installation, start-up and maintenance.

The operating instructions must be accessible at all times at the place of application of the DRYPOINT® RA LC 280-420 NA compressed-air refrigeration dryer - chiller.

In addition to these operating instructions, local and national regulations need to be observed, where required.

Ensure that operation of the DRYPOINT® RA LC 280-420 NA compressed-air refrigeration dryer - chiller only takes place within the permissible limit values indicated on the name plate. Any deviation from these limit values involves a risk for persons and for the material, and may result in malfunction or a breakdown.

After installing the device correctly and in accordance with the instructions in this manual, the dryer is ready to operate, further settings are not required. Operation is fully automatic and maintenance is limited to several examinations and cleaning measures which are described in the following chapters.

This manual must be available at all times for future reference and is a constituent part of the dryer.

If you have any queries regarding these installation and operating instructions, please contact BEKO TECHNOLOGIES GMBH.

## Safety instructions

### 2.1 Safety pictograms in accordance with DIN 4844



Observe operating instructions



General danger symbol



Supply voltage



Danger: component or system under pressure



Hot surfaces



Non-breathable air



Do not use water to extinguish the fire



Do not operate with open cover (housing)



Maintenance works or controlling measures must only be carried out by qualified personnel <sup>1</sup>



Do not smoke



Note



Connection point compressed-air inlet



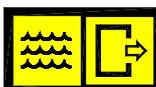
Connection point compressed-air outlet



Connection point condensate drain



Connection point cooling-water inlet (water-cooled)



Connection point cooling-water outlet (water-cooled)

<sup>1</sup> Certified skilled personnel are persons who are authorised by the manufacturer, with experience and technical training, who are well-grounded in the respective provisions and laws and capable of carrying out the required works and of identifying and avoiding any risks during the machine transport, installation, operation and maintenance. Qualified and authorised operators are persons who are instructed by the manufacturer regarding the handling of the refrigeration system, with experience and technical training, and who are well-grounded in the respective provisions and laws.



Works can be carried out by the operator of the plant, provided that they are skilled accordingly <sup>2</sup>.

**NOTE:** Text that contains important specifications to be considered – does not refer to safety precautions.



The device was carefully designed with particular attention paid to environmental protection:

- CFC-free refrigerants
- CFC-free insulation material
- Energy-saving design
- Limited acoustic emissions
- Dryer and packaging comprise reusable materials

This symbol advises the user to observe the environmental aspects and comply with the recommendations connected with this symbol.

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<sup>2</sup> Certified skilled personnel are persons who are authorised by the manufacturer, with experience and technical training, who are well-grounded in the respective provisions and laws and capable of carrying out the required works and of identifying and avoiding any risks during the machine transport, installation, operation and maintenance. Qualified and authorised operators are persons who are instructed by the manufacturer regarding the handling of the refrigeration system, with experience and technical training, and who are well-grounded in the respective provisions and laws.

### 2.2 Signal words in accordance with ANSI

<b>Danger!</b>	Imminent hazard Consequences of non-observance: serious injury or death
<b>Warning!</b>	Potential hazard Consequences of non-observance: possible serious injury or death
<b>Caution!</b>	Imminent hazard Consequences of non-observance: possible injury or property damage
<b>Notice!</b>	Potential hazard Consequences of non-observance: possible injury or property damage
<b>Important!</b>	Additional advice, info, hints Consequences of non-observance: disadvantages during operation and maintenance, no danger

### 2.3 Overview of the safety instructions



#### Certified skilled personnel

Installation works must exclusively be carried out by authorised and qualified skilled personnel. Prior to undertaking any measures on the DRYPOINT® RA LC 280-420 NA compressed-air refrigeration dryer - chiller, the certified skilled personnel shall read up on the device by carefully studying the operating instructions. The operator is responsible for the adherence to these provisions. The respective directives in force apply to the qualification and expertise of the certified skilled personnel.

For safe operation, the device must only be installed and operated in accordance with the indications in the operating instructions. In addition, the national and operational statutory provisions and safety regulations, as well as the accident prevention regulations required for the respective case of application, need to be observed during employment. This applies accordingly when accessories are used.



#### Danger!

##### Compressed air!

**Risk of serious injury or death through contact with quickly or suddenly escaping compressed air or through bursting and/or unsecured plant components.**

Compressed air is a highly dangerous energy source.

Never work on the dryer when the system is under pressure.

Never direct the compressed-air outlet or condensate drain hoses at persons.

The user is responsible for the proper installation of the dryer. Non-observance of the instructions in the "Installation" chapter leads to the expiration of the guarantee. Improper installation may result in dangerous situations for the personnel and/or the device.



#### Danger!

##### Supply voltage!

**Contact with non-insulated parts carrying supply voltage involves the risk of an electric shock resulting in injuries and death.**

Only qualified and skilled personnel are authorised to run electrically-operated devices. Prior to undertaking maintenance measures at the device, the following requirements must be met:

Make sure that the power supply is switched off and that the device is off and marked for maintenance measures. Please also ensure that the power supply cannot be re-established during the works.



#### Caution!

##### Refrigerant!

**The compressed-air refrigeration dryer uses HFC-containing refrigerants as a coolant.**

Please observe the corresponding paragraph entitled "Maintenance works at the refrigeration cycle".

**Warning!****Refrigerant leak!**

**A refrigerant leak involves the danger of serious injury and damage to the environment.**



The DRYPOINT® RA LC 280-420 NA compressed-air refrigeration dryer - chiller contains fluorinated greenhouse gas/refrigerant.

Installation, repair and maintenance works at the refrigeration system must only be carried out by certified skilled personnel (specialists). A certification in accordance with EC regulation 303/2008 must be available.



The requirements of the EC 842/2006 directive must be met under all circumstances.

Please refer to the indications on the name plate as regards the type and amount of refrigerant.



Comply with the following protective measures and rules of conduct:



1. **Storage:** Keep the container tightly closed. Keep it in a cool and dry place. Protect it against heat and direct sunlight. Keep it away from ignition sources.
2. **Handling:** Take measures against electrostatic charging. Ensure good ventilation/suction at the workplace. Check fittings, connections and ducts for tightness. Do not inhale the gas. Avoid contact with the eyes or the skin.
3. Prior to carrying out works on refrigerant-carrying parts, remove the refrigerant to such an extent that safe working is possible.
4. Do not eat, drink or smoke during work. Keep out of the reach of children.
5. **Breathing protection:** ambient-air-independent respirator (at high concentrations).
6. **Eye protection:** sealing goggles.
7. **Hand protection:** protective gloves (e.g. made of leather).
8. **Personal protection:** protective clothing.
9. **Skin protection:** use protective cream.

In addition, the safety data sheet for the refrigerant needs to be observed!

**Caution!****Hot surfaces!**

**During operation, several components can reach surface temperatures of more than +140°F (60°C). There is the risk of burns.**

All components concerned are installed inside of the closed housing. The housing must only be opened by certified skilled personnel<sup>3</sup>.

**Caution!****Improper use!**

The device is intended for the separation of water in compressed air. The dried compressed air cannot be used for breathing-air purposes and is not suitable for the direct contact with food.

This dryer is not suitable for the treatment of contaminated air or of air containing solids.

<sup>3</sup> Certified skilled personnel are persons who are authorised by the manufacturer, with experience and technical training, who are well-grounded in the respective provisions and laws and capable of carrying out the required works and of identifying and avoiding any risks during the machine transport, installation, operation and maintenance. Qualified and authorised operators are persons who are instructed by the manufacturer regarding the handling of the refrigeration system, with experience and technical training, and who are well-grounded in the respective provisions and laws.



### Note!

#### Contaminated intake air!

In the event that the intake air is strongly contaminated (ISO 8573.1 class 3.-3 or poorer quality), we recommend the additional installation of a prefilter (e.g. CLEARPOINT F040), to avoid clogging of the heat exchanger.



### Caution!

#### Heating-up through fire!

**In the event of a heating-up through fire, the containers and pipes of the refrigerant system can burst.**



In this case, please proceed as follows:

Switch off the refrigeration plant.

Switch off the mechanical ventilation of the machinery compartment.

Use ambient-air-independent respirators.

Containers and plants which are filled with refrigerant can burst violently in the event of fire.

The refrigerants themselves are incombustible, but they are degraded to very toxic products at high temperatures.

Remove the container/plant from the fire zone, as there is the risk of bursting!

Cool down containers and bottles via a directed water jet from a safe position.

In the event of fire, please use an approved fire extinguisher. Water is not a suitable agent to extinguish an electrical fire.

This must only be carried out by persons who are trained and informed about the hazards emanating from the product.



### Caution!

#### Unauthorised intervention!

**Unauthorised interventions may endanger persons and plants and lead to malfunction.**

Unauthorised interventions, modification and abuse of the pressure devices are prohibited.

The removal of sealings and leadings at safety devices is prohibited.

Operators of the devices must observe the local and national pressure equipment regulations in the country of installation.



### Note!

#### Ambient conditions!

In the event that the dryer is not installed under suitable ambient conditions, the ability of the device to condense refrigerant gas is impaired. This can result in a higher load of the refrigerating compressor, and in a loss of efficiency and performance of the dryer.

This in turn leads to overheated condenser fan motors, to malfunction of electric components and to a breakdown of the dryer. Failures of this type will affect warranty considerations.

Do not install the dryer in an environment in which chemicals with a corrosive effect, explosive gases, toxic gases, evaporation heat, high ambient temperatures or extreme dust and dirt can be found.

## 3 Proper use

This dryer was designed, manufactured and tested to separate the moisture which normally exists in compressed air. Any other use is considered improper.

The manufacturer shall not be liable for problems occurring as a consequence of improper use. The user alone is responsible for any damage resulting from that.

Furthermore, the correct use includes the compliance with the installation instructions, in particular in respect of:

- The voltage and frequency of the main voltage supply.
- The pressure, temperature and flow rate of the inlet air.
- The pressure, temperature and cooling-water throughput (water-cooled).
- The ambient temperature.

When delivered, the dryer is tested and fully assembled. The customer only needs to connect the device to the system in accordance with the instructions in the following chapters.

## 4 Exclusion from a field of application



**Note!**  
**Improper use!**



The device is intended for the separation of water in compressed air. The dried compressed air cannot be used for breathing-air purposes and is not suitable for the direct contact with food.

This dryer is not suitable for the treatment of contaminated air or of air containing solids.

## 5 Operating instructions in accordance with the 2014/68/EU Pressure Equipment Directive

The DRYPOINT® RA LC 280-420 NA compressed-air refrigeration dryer - chiller contains pressure equipment in the sense of the 2014/68/EU Pressure Equipment Directive. Therefore, the entire plant needs to be registered with the supervisory authority if required in accordance with the local regulations.

For the examination prior to the start-up and for periodic inspections, the national regulations need to be observed, such as the industrial safety regulation in the Federal Republic of Germany. In countries outside the EU, the respective regulations in force there need to be adhered to.

The proper use of pressure devices is the basic requirement for safe operation. As regards pressure devices, the following points need to be observed:

- The DRYPOINT® RA LC 280-420 NA compressed-air refrigeration dryer - chiller must only be employed within the pressure and temperature range limits indicated by the manufacturer on the name plate.
- No welding must be carried out on the pressure parts.
- The DRYPOINT® RA LC 280-420 NA compressed-air refrigeration dryer - chiller must neither be installed in insufficiently ventilated rooms nor near heat sources or inflammable substances.
- To avoid fractures resulting from material fatigue, the refrigeration dryer should not be exposed to vibrations during operation.
- The maximum operating pressure indicated by the manufacturer on the name plate must not be exceeded. It is the installer's responsibility to install the appropriate safety and control devices. Prior to the start-up of the DRYPOINT® RA LC 280-420 NA compressed-air refrigeration dryer - chiller, the connected pressure generator (compressor etc.) must be set to the max. permissible operating pressure. The integrated safeguard needs to be checked by an approved inspection agency.
- The documents related to the DRYPOINT® RA LC 280-420 NA compressed-air refrigeration dryer - chiller (manual, operating instructions, manufacturer's declaration etc.) must be kept safe for future reference.
- No objects whatsoever must be installed at or placed on the DRYPOINT® RA LC 280-420 NA compressed-air refrigeration dryer - chiller and the connecting lines.
- Installation of the plant in frost-free places only.
- Operation of the plant is only permissible with fully closed and intact housing and cover panels. Operation of the plant with damaged housing/cover panels is prohibited.

## 6 Transport

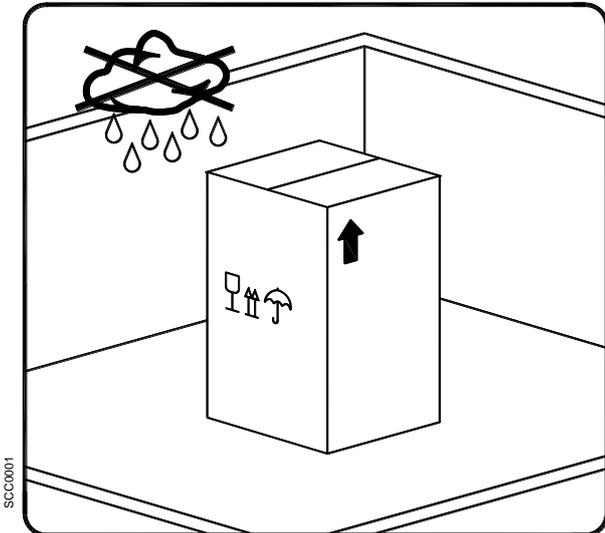
Check the packaging for visible loss or damage. If no visible damage can be ascertained, place the unit in close proximity to the place of installation and unpack the device.

During this procedure, the dryer must always remain in an upright position. The components may be damaged when the unit is tilted or turned upside down.

Store the device in a dry environment and do not expose it to extreme weather conditions.

Handle with care. Strong shocks can cause irreparable damage.

## 7 Storage



Keep the device away from extreme weather conditions even when packaged.

Keep the dryer in an upright position, also while it is stored. Tilting the device or turning it upside down can cause irreparable damage to some components.

When the dryer is not in use, it can be stored in its packaging in a dust-free and protected place at a temperature of up to max. 122°F (50°C), and at a specific humidity of max. 90%. If the storage period exceeds 12 months, you should contact the manufacturer.



The packaging material is recyclable. Dispose of the material in accordance with the directives and provisions in force in the country of destination

## 8 Installation

### 8.1 Place of installation



#### Note!

#### Ambient conditions!

In the event that the dryer is not installed under suitable ambient conditions, the ability of the device to condense refrigerant gas is impaired. This can result in a higher load of the refrigerating compressor, and in a loss of efficiency and performance of the dryer.

This in turn leads to overheated condenser fan motors, to malfunction of electric components and to a breakdown of the dryer. Failures of this type will affect warranty considerations.

Do not install the dryer in an environment in which chemicals with a corrosive effect, explosive gases, toxic gases, evaporation heat, high ambient temperatures or extreme dust and dirt can be found.

#### Minimum installation requirements:

- Choose an area which is clean and dry, free from dust and protected against atmospheric disturbances.
- The load-bearing zone must be even, horizontal and able to bear the weight of the dryer.
- Minimum ambient temperature +34°F (+1°C).
- Maximum ambient temperature +122°F (+50°C).
- Ensure a proper cooling air replacement.
- Allow a sufficient clearance on each side of the dryer for proper ventilation and to facilitate maintenance operations. The dryer does not require attachment to the floor surface.

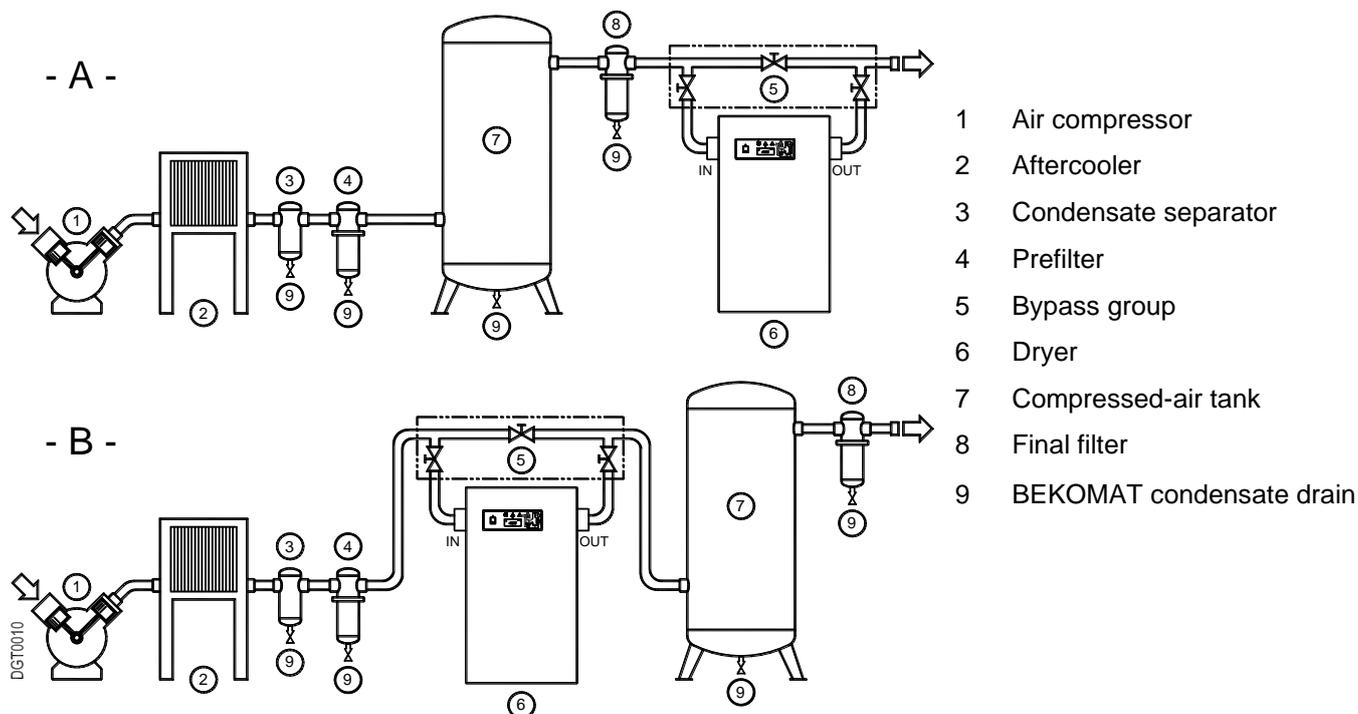


#### Do not obstruct the ventilation grille (not even partially).

Prevent any recirculation of the outgoing cooling air.

Protect the dryer against draughts.

## 8.2 Installation plan



Installation **type A** is recommended when the compressor functions with reduced step switching and when the total consumption corresponds to the throughput rate of the compressor.

Installation **type B** is recommended when the air consumption constantly varies, with peak values which considerably exceed the throughput rate of the compressor. The storage capacity of the tank must be dimensioned in such a way that a possible short-term high air demand (peak air consumption) can be compensated.



**Do not obstruct the ventilation grille (not even partially).**

Prevent any recirculation of the outgoing cooling air.  
Protect the dryer against draughts.



**Note!**

**Contaminated intake air!**

In the event that the intake air is strongly contaminated (ISO 8573.1 class 3.-3 or poorer quality), we recommend the additional installation of a prefilter (e.g. CLEARPOINT F040), to avoid clogging of the heat exchanger.

## Installation

### 8.3 Correction factors

Correction factor for operating pressure changes:

Inlet air pressure	psig	60	80	100	120	140	160	180	200	220
	barg	4	5.5	7	8	10	11	12	14	15
Factor (F1)		0.79	0.91	1.00	1.07	1.13	1.18	1.23	1.27	1.30

Correction factor for ambient temperature changes (Air-Cooled):

Ambient temperature	°F	≤ 77	90	95	100	105	110	115	122
	°C	≤ 25	32	35	38	41	43	45	50
Factor (F2)		1.00	0.94	0.90	0.86	0.81	0.76	0.70	0.63

Correction factor for inlet air temperature changes:

Air temperature	°F	≤ 77	90	95	100	110	120	131
	°C	≤ 25	32	35	38	43	50	55
Factor (F3)		1.39	1.11	1.00	0.88	0.68	0.53	0.46

Correction factor for DewPoint changes:

DewPoint	°F	39	41	45	50	55	60	65
	°C	4	5	7	10	13	16	18
Factor (F4)		0.86	1.00	1.05	1.15	1.28	1.46	1.68

#### Calculation of the actual air throughput:

**Actual air throughput = air throughput acc. to planning x factor (F1) x factor (F2) x factor (F3) x factor (F4)**

#### Example:

The **DRYPOINT RA LC 350 NA** has a planned nominal capacity of 350 scfm (594 m<sup>3</sup>/h). The highest achievable air mass under the following operating conditions is:

- Air inlet pressure = 120 psig (8 barg) ⇒ Factor (F1) = 1.07
- Ambient temperature = 95°F (35°C) ⇒ Factor (F2) = 0.90
- Air inlet temperature = 110°F (43°C) ⇒ Factor (F3) = 0.68
- Pressure dew point = 45°F (7°C) ⇒ Factor (F4) = 1.05

Every function parameter corresponds to a numerical factor which, multiplied by the planned nominal capacity, determines the following:

$$\text{Actual air throughput} = 350 \times 1.07 \times 0.90 \times 0.68 \times 1.05 = 241 \text{ scfm (410 m}^3\text{/h)}$$

**241 scfm** is the maximum air mass of the dryer under the aforementioned operating conditions.

#### Selection of the best suitable model in accordance with the operating conditions:

$$\text{Air throughput acc. to planning} = \frac{\text{Required air throughput}}{\text{factor (F1) x factor (F2) x factor (F3) x factor (F4)}}$$

#### Example:

The following operating parameters are known:

- Required air mass = 280 scfm (475 m<sup>3</sup>/h)
- Air inlet pressure = 120psig (8 barg) ⇒ Factor (F1) = 1.07
- Ambient temperature = 95°F (35°C) ⇒ Factor (F2) = 0.90
- Air inlet temperature = 110°F (43°C) ⇒ Factor (F3) = 0.68
- Pressure dew point = 45°F (7°C) ⇒ Factor (F4) = 1.05

To find out the correct dryer version, the required air mass must be divided by the correction factors of the parameters indicated above:

$$\text{Air throughput acc. to planning} = \frac{280}{1.07 \times 0.90 \times 0.68 \times 1.05} = 407 \text{ scfm (692 m}^3\text{/h)}$$

The suitable model for these requirements is **DRYPOINT RA LC 420 NA** (with a specif. nominal capacity of 420 scfm (713 m<sup>3</sup>/h).

### 8.4 Connection to the compressed-air system



**Danger!**  
**Compressed air!**

All works must only be carried out by qualified skilled personnel.  
Never work on compressed-air systems which are under pressure.



The operator or the user must ensure that the dryer is never operated with a pressure exceeding the maximum pressure value indicated on the name plate.

Exceeding the maximum operating pressure can be dangerous for the operator but also for the device.

The air temperature and the air flow at the inlet of the dryer must lie within the limit values indicated on the name plate. The connecting lines must be free from dust, iron rust, shards and other contaminations and correspond to the flow rate of the dryer. Should air with a very high temperature be treated, the installation of an aftercooler may be necessary. For the implementation of maintenance works, the installation of a bypass system is recommended.



**Note!**

Pulsation and vibrations!

Pulsations and vibrations must be eliminated from the compressed air and IN/OUT piping to avoid possible fatigue failure.

Do not use the dryer to treat air containing corrosive substances for copper and its alloys..



**Note!**

Contaminated intake air!

In the event that the intake air is strongly contaminated (ISO 8573.1 class 3.-3) or poorer quality, we recommend the additional installation of a prefilter (e.g. CLEARPOINT F040), to avoid clogging of the heat exchanger.

### 8.5 Connection to the cooling-water network



**Danger!**  
**Compressed air and unqualified personnel!**

All works must only be carried out by qualified skilled personnel.  
Never work on compressed-air systems which are under pressure.



The user must ensure that the dryer is never operated with a pressure exceeding the nominal values.  
Possible overpressure can be dangerous for the operator but also for the device.

The temperature and the amount of cooling water need to correspond to the limit values indicated on the name plate. The cross-section of the connecting lines, which should preferably be flexible, must be free from dust, iron rust, shards and other contaminations. We recommend employing connecting lines (flexible hoses, vibration-inhibiting fittings etc.) which protect the dryer against possible vibrations in the pipework.



**Note!**

Contaminated intake water!

In the event that the intake water is strongly contaminated we recommend the additional installation of a prefilter (500 micron), to avoid clogging of the heat exchanger.

### 8.6 Minimum cooling-water requirements:

Temperature	59...86°F (15...30°C) (1)	HCO <sub>3</sub> / SO <sub>4</sub>	>1.0 mg/l or ppm
Pressure	44...145 psig (3...10 barg) (2)	NH <sub>3</sub>	<2 mg/l or ppm
Delivery pressure	> 44 psig (3 bar) (2) (3)	Cl <sup>-</sup>	50 mg/l or ppm
Total hardness	6.0...15 dH°	Cl <sub>2</sub>	0.5 mg/l or ppm
PH	7.5...9.0	H <sub>2</sub> S	<0.05 mg/l or ppm
Conductivity	10...500 µS/cm	CO <sub>2</sub>	<5 mg/l or ppm
Residual solids	<30 mg/l or ppm	NO <sub>3</sub>	<100 mg/l or ppm
Saturation mark SI	-0.2 < 0 < 0.2	Fe	<0.2 mg/l or ppm
HCO <sub>3</sub>	70...300 mg/l or ppm	Al	<0.2 mg/l or ppm
SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	<70 mg/l or ppm	Mn	<0.1 mg/l or ppm

Note: (1) – Other temperatures upon request – check the data on the name plate.  
(2) – Other pressures upon request – check the data on the name plate.  
(3) – Pressure difference at the water connection of the dryer at maximum water flow.  
Other delivery pressures upon request.



**CAUTION!**

During the piping of the dryer, the inlet and outlet connections need to be supported as is shown in the illustration.

Non-observance will cause damage.

8.7 Electrical connections

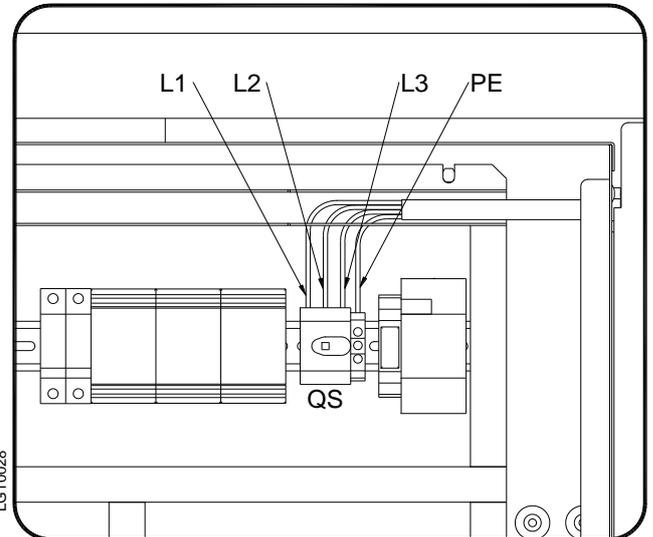
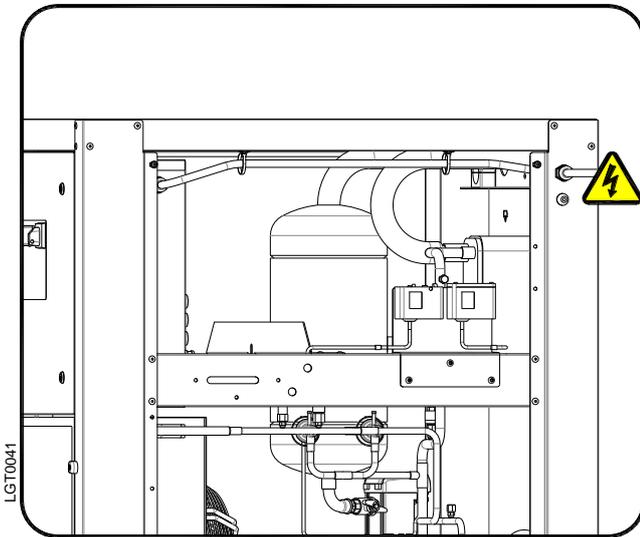


**Danger!**  
**Supply voltage!**

The connection to the electric mains should only be carried out by qualified skilled personnel and must correspond to the legal provisions in force in your region.

Prior to connecting the device, please check the name plate to avoid exceeding the indicated values. The voltage tolerance is +/- 10%.

The installer is responsible for supplying and installing the power cable. Be sure to provide the proper fuses or breakers based on the data information located on the nameplate.



The mains socket must be provided with a magnetothermal differential circuit breaker ( $I\Delta n=0.03A$ ) which is adjusted on the basis of the dryer's consumption (see nominal values on the name plate of the dryer). The cross-section of the power supply cables must correspond to the consumption of the dryer. In this respect, the ambient temperature, the cable laying conditions, the length of the cables and the requirements of the local electricity supplier need to be considered.



**CAUTION!**

**Please observe the direction of rotation of the compressor!**

**In this system, the direction of rotation of the compressor is supervised by a reverse-phase protector (RPP).**

When this guard is triggered, the DMC24 goes into alarm mode (the alarm LED flashes  and the display of the DMC24 shows **OFF** and **Con**). In the event that the compressor does not run, the direction of rotation must be changed by interchanging two phases. These modifications must only be carried out by a qualified electrician.

**Do not by-pass the RPP protector: If the device is operated with the incorrect direction of rotation, the compressor will fail immediately. This will void the guarantee.**



**Danger!**

**Supply voltage and missing earth connection!**

Important: ensure that the plant is connected to earth.

Do not use plug adapters at the power plug.

Possible replacement of the power plug must only be carried out by a qualified electrician.

## 8.8 Condensate drain



**Danger!**

**Compressed air and condensate under pressure!**

The condensate is discharged at system pressure.

The drain pipe needs to be secured.

Never direct the condensate drain pipe at persons.



The dryer is delivered with an already integrated electronically level-controlled BEKOMAT condensate drain. Connect the condensate drain with a collection system or container by properly screwing it on. Do not connect the drain with pressure plants.



Do not discharge the condensate into the environment.

The condensate accumulating in the dryer contains oil particles which were released into the air by the compressor.

Dispose of the condensate in accordance with the local provisions.

It is advisable to install a water-oil separator, to which the total amount of condensate from the compressors, dryers, tanks, filters etc. is supplied.

We recommend ÖWAMAT oil-water separators for dispersed compressor condensate and BEKOSPLIT emulsion-splitting plants for emulsified condensate.

## 9 Start-up

### 9.1 Preliminary stages



**Note!**

**Exceeding of the operating parameters!**

Ensure that the operating parameters comply with the nominal values indicated on the name plate of the dryer (voltage, frequency, air pressure, air temperature, ambient temperature etc.).

Prior to delivery, this dryer was thoroughly tested, packed and checked. Please verify the soundness of the dryer during the initial start-up and check the perfect functioning during the first operating hours.



The initial start-up must be carried out by qualified personnel.

During the installation and operation of this device, all national regulations regarding electronics and any other federal and state ordinances, as well as local provisions, need to be adhered to.



The operator and the user must ensure that the dryer is not operated without panels.

**Note!**

The dryer **must not be started up more than six times an hour**. Wait at least five minutes prior to every restart.

The user is responsible for the compliance with these provisions. Irreparable damage can be caused by starting up the device too often.



The method below should be applied during the first start-up, after longer downtimes or subsequent to maintenance works.

The start-up must be carried out by certified skilled personnel.

**Processing sequence (observe Section 11.1 "Control panel")**

- Ensure that all steps of the "Installation" chapter have been carried out.
- Ensure that the connection to the compressed-air system is in accordance with the provisions and that the lines are fixed and supported properly.
- Ensure that the condensate drain pipe is fixed in accordance with the provisions and that it is connected with a collection system or a container.
- Ensure that the bypass system (if available) is open and that the dryer is isolated.
- Ensure that the manual valve of the condensate outlet is open.
- Ensure that the cooling-water flow and the temperature are in accordance with the provisions (water-cooled).
- Remove any packaging material and other items which may block the space around the dryer.
- Switch on the main switch.
- Switch on the main switch on the control panel (pos. 1).
- The display of the DMC24 shows **OFF**.
- **When the alarm LED flashes  and the display of the DMC24 shows **OFF** and **Con**, the current phases are not connected correctly. Change two of the three phases at the supply mains (see Section 8.7).**
- Wait at least two hours before starting the dryer (the crankcase heater of the compressor needs to heat up the compressor oil).
- Press the  button for at least two seconds to start the dryer: If the compressor was out of operation for a sufficient period of time, it will start immediately. If this is not the case, the display shows the countdown of the seconds until the compressor restarts and the  LED flashes (max. delay five minutes).
- Make sure that the consumption complies with the values of the name plate.
- **Ensure that the direction of rotation of the fan corresponds to the arrows on the condenser (air-cooled).**
- Wait until the dryer stabilises at the preset value.
- Slowly open the air inlet valve.
- Slowly open the air outlet valve.
- Slowly close the central bypass valve of the system (if installed).
- Check the pipes for air leakage.
- Ensure that the drain discharges at regular intervals – wait for the first interventions.

**CAUTION!**

**Please observe the direction of rotation of the compressor!**

**In this system, the direction of rotation of the compressor is supervised by a reverse-phase protector (RPP).**

When this guard is triggered, the alarm will be activated at the DMC24 (the alarm LED flashes  and the display of the DMC24 shows **OFF** and **Con**). In the event that the compressor does not run, the direction of rotation must be changed by interchanging two phases. These modifications must only be carried out by a qualified electrician.

**Do not by-pass the RPP protector: If the device is operated with the incorrect direction of rotation, the compressor will fail immediately. This will void the guarantee.**

### 9.3 Start-up and shut down



During short-term shut down (max. two to three days), it is advisable to leave the dryer and the control panel connected to the supply current circuit. Otherwise, it would be necessary at a restart of the dryer to wait two hours, until the oil in the compressor has reached the specified operating temperature.



#### Start-up (see Section 11.1 "Control panel")

- Make sure that the condenser is clean (air-cooled).
- Ensure that the cooling-water flow and the temperature are in accordance with the provisions (water-cooled).
- Display DMC24 shows **oFF**.
- Press the  button for at least two seconds to start the dryer: If the compressor was out of operation for a sufficient period of time, it will start immediately. If this is not the case, the display shows the countdown of the seconds until the compressor restarts and the  LED flashes (max. delay five minutes).
- Wait for several minutes and then check whether or not the dew point temperature which is indicated on the display of the DMC24 electronics is correct and whether or not the condensate is discharged at regular intervals.
- Switch on the air compressor.



#### Shut down (see Section 11.1 "Control panel")

- Ensure that the dew point temperature indicated on the DMC24 is within the permissible range.
- Shut down the air compressor.
- Switch the dryer off after several minutes by pressing the  button on the DMC24 for at least two seconds. The display then shows **oFF**.



#### Dryer remote control ON/OFF

- See instructions in Section 11.16.7



Only use potential-free contacts that are suitable for low voltage. Ensure the sufficient insulation of potentially dangerous voltage-carrying components.



#### CAUTION!

**Automatic restart / remote control ON/OFF. The unit may start up without any active influence! The user will be responsible for the installation of proper protections for possible sudden power restoration to the dryer.**



#### Note!

A dew point between 32°F (0°C) and +50°F (+10°C) displayed on the control unit is considered to be correct according to the possible operating conditions (flow rate, air inlet temperature, ambient temperature etc.).

During the operation, the refrigerating compressor runs continuously. The dryer needs to be switched on during the entire compressed-air usage time, even if the compressed-air compressor works periodically.



#### Note!

The dryer **must not be started up more than six times an hour**. Wait at least five minutes prior to every restart.

The user is responsible for the compliance with these provisions. Irreparable damage can be caused when starting up the device too often.

## 10 Technical data

### 10.1 Technical data DP RA LC 280-420 NA 3/460/60

MODEL	DP RA LC NA	280-R	350-R	420-R
Air flow rate at nominal condition (1)	[scfm]	280	350	420
	[m <sup>3</sup> /h]	475	594	713
	[l/min]	7924	9905	11886
Pressure DewPoint at nominal condition (1)	[°F (°C)]	41 (5)		
Cooling capacity	[btu/hr (kW)]	32400 (9.50)	39300 (11.50)	46800 (13.70)
Nominal ambient temperature	[°F (°C)]	77 (25)		
Min...Max ambient temperature	[°F (°C)]	34...120 (1...50)		
Nominal inlet air temperature	[°F (°C)]	95 (35)	max. 130 (55)	
Outlet air temperature	[°F (°C)]	< 41 (5)		
Nominal inlet air pressure	[psig (barg)]	100 (7)		
Max. inlet air pressure	[psig (barg)]	220 (15)		
Air pressure drop - Δp	[psi (bar)]	3.19 (0.22)	2.61 (0.18)	3.05 (0.21)
Inlet - Outlet connections	[NPT-F]	2"		

Air-Cooled	Refrigerant type	R407C			
	Refrigerant quantity (2)	[oz (kg)]	102.1/4 (2.90)	130.1/2 (3.70)	137.1/2 (3.90)
	Cooling air fan flow	[cfm (m <sup>3</sup> /h)]	4700 (7900)		4830 (8200)
	Heat Rejection	[btu/hr (kW)]	40600 (11.90)	52300 (15.30)	66200 (19.37)
	Standard Power Supply (2)	[Ph/V/Hz]	3/460/60		
	Nominal electric consumption	[kW]	3,30	3,80	4,25
		[A]	1,8	5,9	6,4
	Full Load Amperage FLA	[A]	9,0	10,5	11,5
	Max. noise level at 1 m	[dbA]	< 75		
	Weight	[lb (kg)]	481 (218)	518 (235)	540 (245)

Water-Cooled	Refrigerant type	R407C			
	Refrigerant quantity (2)	[oz (kg)]	81 (2.30)	98.3/4 (2.80)	109.1/4 (3.10)
	Max. cooling water inlet temp (3)	[°F (°C)]	85 (30)		
	Min...Max. cooling water inlet pressure	[psig (barg)]	45...145 (3...10)		
	Cooling water flow at 15°C	[US gpm (m <sup>3</sup> /h)]	1.28 (0.29)	1.72 (0.39)	1.94 (0.44)
	Cooling water flow at 30°C	[US gpm (m <sup>3</sup> /h)]	4.48 (1.10)	6.43 (1.46)	6.47 (1.47)
	Heat Rejection	[btu/hr (kW)]	40600 (11.90)	52300 (15.30)	66200 (19.37)
	Control of cooling water flow		Automatic by valve		
	Cooling water connection	[NPT-F]	3/4"		
	Standard Power Supply (2)	[Ph/V/Hz]	3/460/60		
	Nominal electric consumption	[kW]	2,80	3,10	3,50
		[A]	4,1	4,7	5,2
	Full Load Amperage FLA	[A]	7,0	8,5	9,5
	Max. noise level at 1 m	[dbA]	< 70		
Weight	[lb (kg)]	470 (213)	507 (230)	529 (240)	

(1) The nominal condition refers to an ambient temperature of 77°F (25°C) with inlet air at 100 psig (7 barg) and 95°F (35°C).

(2) Check the data shown on the identification plate.

(3) Other temperature on request.

10.2 Technical data DP RA LC 280-420 NA 3/380/60

MODEL DP RA LC NA		280-F	350-F	420-F
Air flow rate at nominal condition (1)	[scfm]	280	350	420
	[m <sup>3</sup> /h]	475	594	713
	[l/min]	7924	9905	11886
Pressure DewPoint at nominal condition (1)	[°F (°C)]	41 (5)		
Cooling capacity	[btu/hr (kW)]	32400 (9.50)	39300 (11.50)	46800 (13.70)
Nominal ambient temperature	[°F (°C)]	77 (25)		
Min...Max ambient temperature	[°F (°C)]	34... 120 (1...50)		
Nominal inlet air temperature	[°F (°C)]	95 (35) max. 130 (55)		
Outlet air temperature	[°F (°C)]	< 41 (5)		
Nominal inlet air pressure	[psig (barg)]	100 (7)		
Max. inlet air pressure	[psig (barg)]	220 (15)		
Air pressure drop - Δp	[psi (bar)]	3.19 (0.22)	2.61 (0.18)	3.05 (0.21)
Inlet - Outlet connections	[NPT-F]	2"		

Air-Cooled	Refrigerant type	R407C			
	Refrigerant quantity (2)	[oz (kg)]	102.1/4 (2.90)	130.1/2 (3.70)	137.1/2 (3.90)
	Cooling air fan flow	[cfm (m <sup>3</sup> /h)]	4700 (7900)		4830 (8200)
	Heat Rejection	[btu/hr (kW)]	40600 (11.90)	52300 (15.30)	66200 (19.37)
	Standard Power Supply (2)	[PhV/Hz]	3/380/60		
	Nominal electric consumption	[kW]	3,30	3,80	4,25
		[A]	6,2	7,1	7,7
	Full Load Amperage FLA	[A]	10,9	12,7	13,9
	Max. noise level at 1 m	[dbA]	< 75		
	Weight	[lb (kg)]	481 (218)	518 (235)	540 (245)

Water-Cooled	Refrigerant type	R407C			
	Refrigerant quantity (2)	[oz (kg)]	81 (2.30)	98.3/4 (2.80)	109.1/4 (3.10)
	Max. cooling water inlet temp (3)	[°F (°C)]	85 (30)		
	Min...Max. cooling water inlet pressure	[psig (barg)]	45... 145 (3... 10)		
	Cooling water flow at 15°C	[US gpm (m <sup>3</sup> /h)]	1.28 (0.29)	1.72 (0.39)	1.94 (0.44)
	Cooling water flow at 30°C	[US gpm (m <sup>3</sup> /h)]	4.48 (1.10)	6.43 (1.46)	6.47 (1.47)
	Heat Rejection	[btu/hr (kW)]	40600 (11.90)	52300 (15.30)	66200 (19.37)
	Control of cooling water flow		Automatic by valve		
	Cooling water connection	[NPT-F]	3/4"		
	Standard Power Supply (2)	[PhV/Hz]	3/380/60		
	Nominal electric consumption	[kW]	2,80	3,10	3,50
		[A]	5,0	5,7	6,3
	Full Load Amperage FLA	[A]	8,5	10,3	11,5
Max. noise level at 1 m	[dbA]	< 70			
Weight	[lb (kg)]	470 (213)	507 (230)	529 (240)	

(1) The nominal condition refers to an ambient temperature of 77°F (25°C) with inlet air at 100 psig (7 barg) and 95°F (35°C).

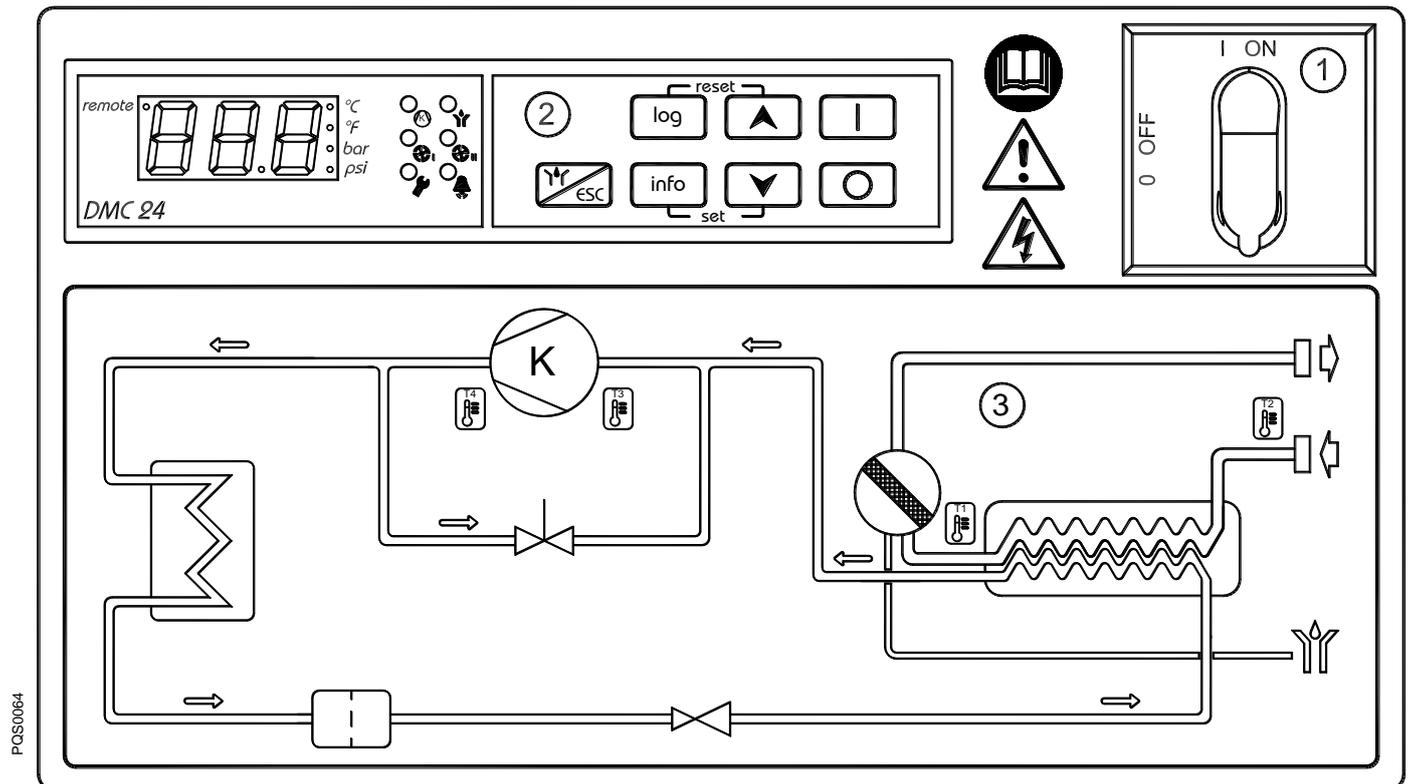
(2) Check the data shown on the identification plate.

(3) Other temperature on request.

## 11 Technical description

### 11.1 Control panel

The control panel explained below is the only dryer user interface.



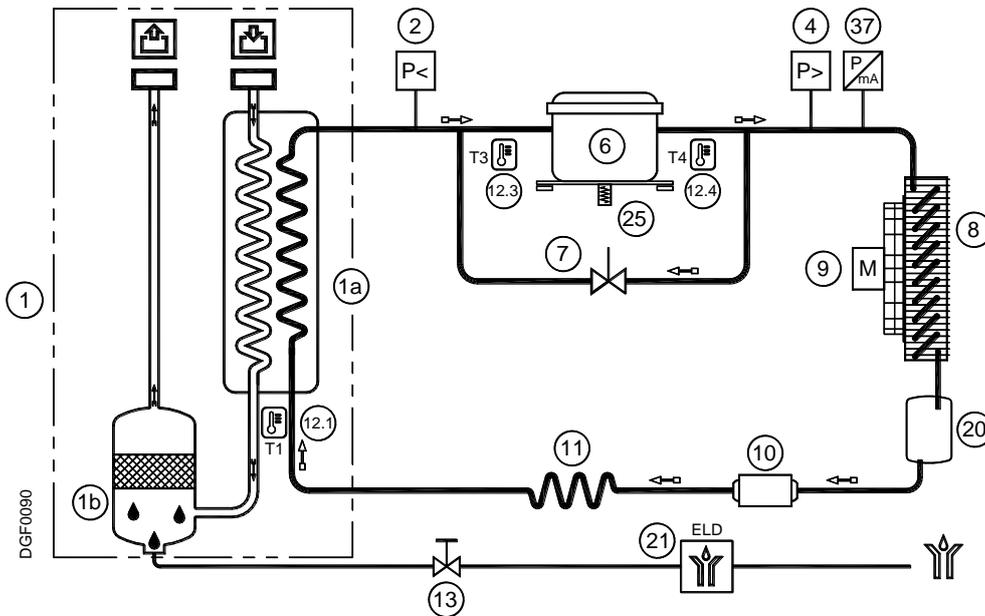
- 1 Main switch
- 2 Electronic control unit DMC 24
- 3 Air and refrigerant-gas flow chart

### 11.2 Functional description

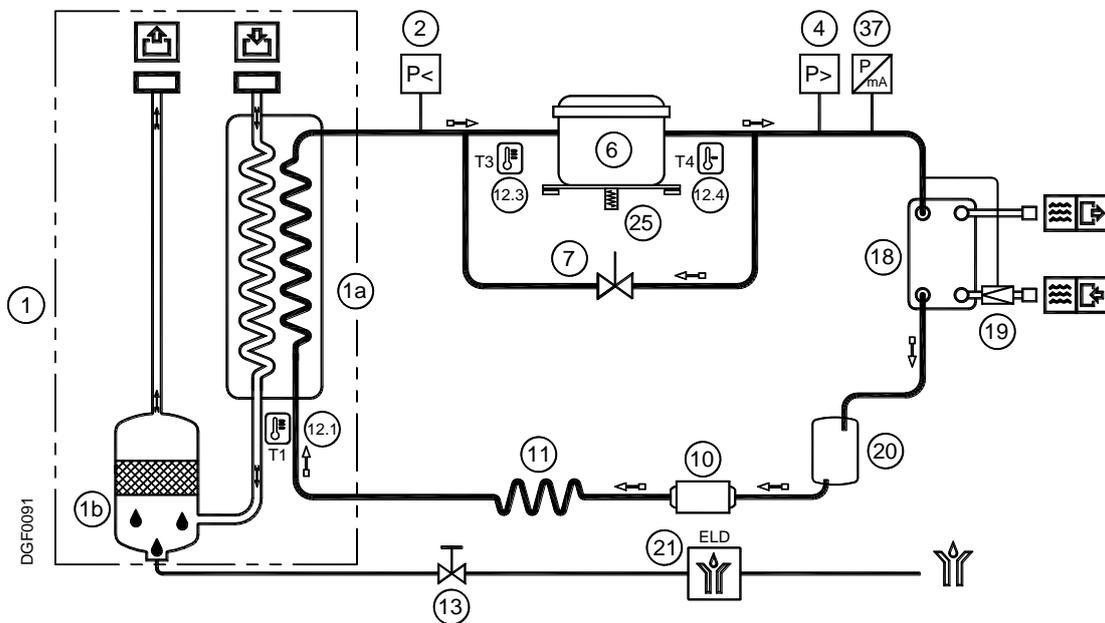
**Operating principle** – All dryer models described in this manual function according to the same principle. The hot and moisture-loaded air is led into an air/air heat exchanger. Afterwards, the air flows through an evaporator, which is also known as an air/refrigerant heat exchanger. The air temperature is reduced to approximately 36°F (2°C), so that water vapour condenses to liquid. The continuously accumulating condensate is collected in the separator to be discharged via the condensate drain. Subsequently, the cold and dry air is led through the air/air heat exchanger, so that it is reheated to up to 46°F (8°C) below the inlet temperature when leaving the dryer.

**Refrigeration cycle** – The refrigerant is conducted through the compressor and reaches a condenser under high pressure. There, cooling-down takes place, making the refrigerant condense to a liquid state which is under high pressure. The liquid is pressed through a capillary tube where the resulting pressure drop ensures that the refrigerant evaporates at a defined temperature. The liquid refrigerant which is under low pressure is led into the heat exchanger, where it expands. The cold resulting from the expansion serves to cool down the compressed air in the heat exchanger. During this process, the refrigerant evaporates. The low-pressure gas is resupplied to the compressor, where it is compressed again. It then re-enters the cycle. In phases of a reduced compressed-air load, the excess refrigerant is resupplied automatically to the compressor via the hot gas bypass valve.

11.3 Flow chart (air-cooled)



11.4 Flow chart (water-cooled)



- |    |                                      |      |   |
|----|--------------------------------------|------|---|
| 1  | Heat exchanger group                 | 12.1 | T1 Temperature probe – Dew point              |
| a  | Air/air heat exchanger               | 12.2 | T2 Temperature probe – Air IN                 |
| b  | Condensate separator                 | 12.3 | T3 Temperature probe – Compressor suction     |
| 2  | Refrigerant pressure switch LPS (P<) | 12.4 | T4 Temperature probe – Compressor discharge   |
| 4  | Refrigerant pressure switch HPS (P>) | 13   | Condensate drain isolation valve              |
| 6  | Refrigerating compressor             | 18   | Condenser (water-cooled)                      |
| 7  | Hot-gas bypass valve                 | 19   | Cooling-water regulating valve (water-cooled) |
| 8  | Condenser (air-cooled)               | 20   | Liquid collector (water-cooled)               |
| 9  | Condenser fan (air-cooled)           | 21   | BEKOMAT condensate drain                      |
| 10 | Filter dryer                         | 25   | Compressor crankcase heater RC                |
| 11 | Capillary tube                       | 37   | Sensor for the fan control (BHP)              |

➔ Compressed-air flow direction

➔ Refrigerant gas flow direction

## Technical description

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### 11.5 Refrigerating compressor

The employed refrigerating compressors are constructed by leading manufacturers. The hermetically sealed construction is absolutely gastight. The integrated safeguard protects the compressor against overheating and excess current. The protection is automatically reset as soon as the nominal conditions are reached again.

### 11.6 Condenser (air-cooled)

The condenser is the component in which the gas coming from the compressor is cooled down, condensed and liquefied. Under no circumstances must the temperature of the ambient air exceed the nominal values. It is also important that the condenser unit is kept free from dust and other impurities.

### 11.7 Condenser (water-cooled)

The condenser is the component in which the gas coming from the compressor is cooled-down, condensed and liquefied. The water inlet temperature must not exceed the nominal values. Likewise, a correct flow must be ensured. The water entering the condenser must be free from impurities.

### 11.8 Cooling-water regulating valve

The cooling-water controller serves to keep the condensation pressure or the condensation temperature constant during water cooling. When the dryer is switched off, the valve automatically blocks the cooling-water flow.

### 11.9 Filter dryer

Despite controlled vacuuming, traces of moisture can accumulate in the refrigeration cycle. The filter dryer serves to absorb this moisture and to bond it.

### 11.10 Capillary tube

The capillary tube is a copper tube with a reduced diameter which is located between the condenser and the evaporator, serving as a restrictor to reduce the pressure of the refrigerant. The pressure reduction serves to reach an optimum temperature inside of the evaporator. The lower the outlet pressure at the capillary tube, the lower the evaporation temperature.

The length and the inner diameter of the capillary tube are exactly dimensioned to ensure the performance of the dryer. Settings or maintenance works are not required.

### 11.11 Air-to-refrigerant heat exchanger

Also called evaporator. The liquid formed in the condenser is evaporated in this part of the circuit. In the evaporation phase the refrigerant tends to absorb the heat from the compressed air present in the other side of the exchanger. Refrigerant and air are in counter flow, thus contributing to limit pressure drop and to provide efficient thermal exchange.

### 11.12 Condensate separator

The cold air exiting the evaporator goes through the hi-efficiency condensate separator featuring a stainless steel mesh. As the condensate transported by the air gets in contact with the mesh net it is separated and expelled by means of the draining device. The resulting cold and dry air is then conveyed into dryer outlet.

The mesh type mist separator offers the benefit to be highly efficient even with variable flow rates.

### 11.13 Hot-gas bypass valve

At partial load, the valve directly returns a part of the hot gas to the suction line of the refrigerating compressor. The evaporation temperature and the evaporation pressure remain constant.

### 11.14 Refrigerant pressure switches LPS – HPS

To ensure the operational reliability and the protection of the dryer, a series of pressure switches are installed in the gas cycle.

**LPS :** Low-pressure appliance on the suction side of the compressor, which is triggered when the pressure drops below the predetermined value. The values are reset automatically as soon as the nominal conditions are re-established.

**HPS :** The high-pressure appliance on the discharge side of the compressor is activated when the pressure exceeds the predetermined value. The values are not reset automatically when the nominal conditions are re-established. Reset takes place manually via a button on the appliance.

### 11.15 Compressor crankcase heater

During a longer downtime, the oil can intermix with the refrigerant. Therefore, "hydraulic shocks" may occur during the start-up of the compressor.

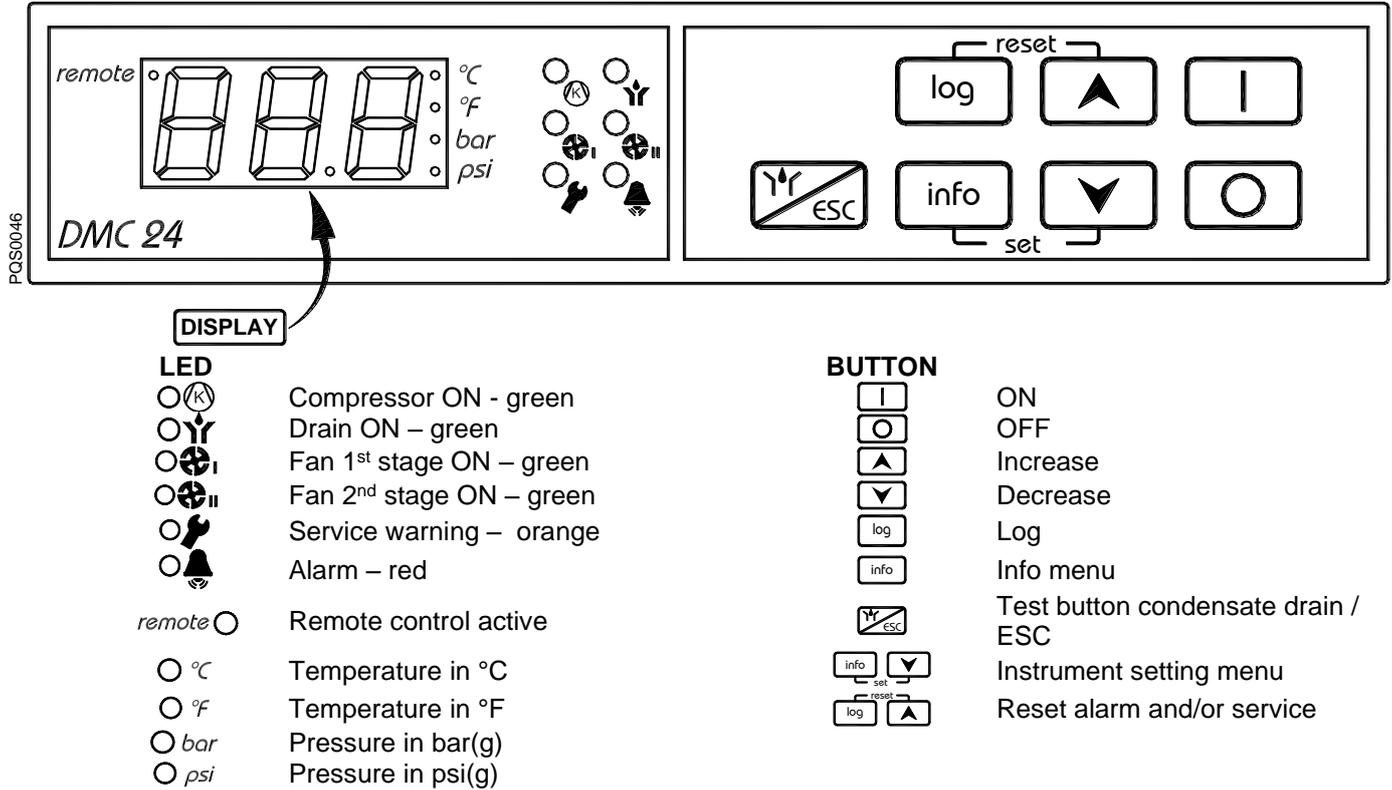
To prevent this, a heating resistor was installed in the housing of the compressor which maintains a corresponding oil temperature when the control panel is switched on and the compressor is idle.



#### Note!

The heating resistor needs to be switched on at least two hours prior to the start-up of the refrigerant compressor.

11.16 DMC 24 electronics (control unit compressed-air dryer)



The DMC24 controls all operations, alarms and instrument settings of the dryer. The display and the LEDs indicate all operating conditions.

The ○(K) LED shows that the compressor is ON.

Operation of the fans is indicated by the ○⊕<sub>I</sub> and ○⊕<sub>II</sub> LEDs.

During normal operation, the display shows the dew point temperature.

11.16.1 Switching the dryer on

When the unit is switched on, the display shows **oFF**.

The condensate drain test is always possible via the button.

- Press the button for at least two seconds to start the dryer: If the compressor was out of operation for a sufficient period of time, it will start immediately. If this is not the case, the display shows the countdown of the seconds until the compressor restarts and the ○(K) LED flashes (max. delay five minutes).

11.16.2 Switching the dryer off

Press for at least two seconds from any menu. The display shows **oFF**.

## Technical description

### 11.16.3 Indication of the operating parameters – Info menu

The Info menu shows the dynamic operating parameters of the dryer.

When the dryer is ON and you are not in other menus, press  for at least one second to access the Info menu.

Access to the Info menu is indicated on the display by the message **t 1** (first parameter of the menu). Use the  and  arrows to move to the next or previous point. Press  to have the value of the selected parameter displayed.

Press  again to return to the list of displayable parameters.

Press  to leave the Info menu (if, after a period of two minutes, no button is pressed, the menu is exited automatically).

Info	Description
<b>t 1</b>	T1 – Temperature probe T1 – dew point
<b>t 2</b>	T2 – Temperature probe T2 – Air IN
<b>t 3</b>	T3 – Temperature probe T3 – Compressor suction
<b>t 4</b>	T4 – Temperature probe T4 – Compressor discharge
<b>HP</b>	HP – Condensation pressure HP
<b>HrS</b>	HrS – Total number of operating hours
<b>SrV</b>	SrV – Hours to the next maintenance

**Note:** The temperatures are indicated in °C or °F (LED  or  is on).

The pressure is indicated in bar(g) or psi(g)(LED  or  is on).

The total operating hours and the hours until the next maintenance are indicated in the field 0...999 hours, and in thousand hours from 1.0 hours onwards (example: when the display shows 35, this means 35 hours and when the display shows 3.5, this means 3,500 hours).

**11.16.4 Indication of a service warning**

A service warning is an exceptional event and requires the attention of the operator/service technician. Such a warning will usually not stop the dryer (unless a high dew point parameter was adjusted to stop the dryer).

When a service warning is active, the  LED flashes. When the service warning was automatically reset, it has been stored and the  LED is continuously on.

In both cases the display shows the dew point temperature and the service warnings which are active or which are no longer active but not yet reset.

Service warnings are not automatically reset (except for *drn* which can be put on automatic reset).

To **RESET** the service warning, simultaneously press the   buttons for three seconds. Only the stored service warning will be reset. Service warnings which are still active continue to be indicated by the flashing  LED.

**NOTE: the operator/service technician must check the dryer and eliminate the problem that led to the activation of the service warning.**

Service warning	Description
<i>PF 1</i>	PF1 – Probe 1 failure: failure temperature probe 1
<i>PF 2</i>	PF2 - Probe 2 failure: failure temperature probe 2
<i>PF 3</i>	PF3 - Probe 3 failure: failure temperature probe 3
<i>HdP</i>	HdP – High dew point: dew point too high, higher than the adjusted HdA value.
<i>LdP</i>	LdP – Low dew point: dew point too low Setting T1 < 30°F (-1°C) delay five minutes / reset T1 > 32°F (0°C)
<i>drn</i>	drn - Drain: failure condensate drain (opening of the DRN contact – if an electronically level-controlled condensate drain is installed – see electric diagram)
<i>SrV</i>	SrV - Service : maintenance service time expired SrV
<i>dt</i>	dt – Outlet temperature: compressor outlet temperature (probe T4) outside the normal values but within the safety limits Setting T4 > 194°F (90°C) delay three minutes / reset T4 < 185°F (85°C)
<i>HCP</i>	HCP – High condensation pressure: condensation pressure (transformer HP) outside the normal values but within the safety limits Setting HP > 406 psig (28 barg) delay three minutes / reset HP < 363 psig (25 barg)

**NOTE: when the dryer is switched on but no system pressure is applied, the *drn* drain trouble indication may appear.**

## Technical description

### 11.16.5 Alarm indication

An alarm is an exceptional event which, to avert damage from to the machine and the operator, always leads to the disconnection of the dryer.

When the alarm is active, the  LED flashes. When the alarm was not automatically reset, it is stored and the  LED is on (in any case, the dryer remains OFF).

When the  LED flashes, the **OFF** message and the active alarms will appear in sequence on the display.

When the  LED is on, the **OFF** message and the alarms which triggered and which need to be reset will appear in sequence on the display.

The alarms are not automatically reset. To **RESET** an alarm, the  LED needs to be on and the   buttons must be pressed simultaneously for at least three seconds.

The dryer will not start automatically subsequent to the reset of the alarms.

**NOTE: the operator/service technician must check the dryer and eliminate the problem that led to the activation of the alarm.**

Alarm	Description
<b>HP</b>	HP – High pressure: the refrigerant high-pressure guard HPS has triggered (note: the pressure switch has a reset button)
<b>LP</b>	LP – Low pressure: the refrigerant low-pressure guard LPS has triggered
<b>CO<sub>n</sub></b>	CO <sub>n</sub> - Compressor: the compressor protection and/or the reverse-phase protector RPP have triggered
<b>FA<sub>n</sub></b>	FA <sub>n</sub> - Fan: the fan protection has triggered
<b>Hdt</b>	Hdt – High outlet temperature: compressor outlet temperature outside the safety limit Setting T4> 212°F (100°C) delay one minute / reset T4< 194°F (90°C)
<b>ICE</b>	ICE - ICE / Icing: Temperature in the exchanger (probe T1) is too low and leads to icing of the condensate. Setting T1< 27°F (-3°C) delay one minute / reset T1> 32°F (0°C)
<b>LCP</b>	LCP – Low condensation pressure: condensation pressure too low
<b>PF4</b>	PF4 – Probe 4 failure: failure probe 4
<b>PFP</b>	PFP – Probe pressure failure: failure condensation pressure transducer BHP

### 11.16.6 Display of the alarm memory – log menu

The log menu includes a list of the last 10 alarms (only alarms, no service warnings). They appear in chronological order (LIFO logic).

When the dryer is ON or OFF, and when you are not in another menu, press the  button for at least one second to access the log menu.

The access to the log menu is confirmed on the display by the message **L01** (L01) (first parameter of the menu). Use the  and  arrows to move to the next or previous point (L01 ... L10). Press  to have the selected log value displayed. Alternatively, the parameter that triggered the alarm and the operating hours of the machine at the moment of the alarm activation are indicated. Press  again to return to the log list.

Press  to leave the log menu (if, after a period of two minutes, no button is pressed, the menu is exited automatically).

### 11.16.7 Control of the dryer via remote control

The DMC24 can easily be controlled via two digital inputs which are connected with terminals 1, 2 and 3 (see electric diagram).

Close the contact between terminals 2 and 3 to enable the remote control. The *remote*  LED lights up and it is no longer possible to switch the dryer on or off from the local control panel (the condensate drain test is possible and you have access to the info and log menus).

When the contact between terminals 2 and 3 is closed, close the second contact between terminals 1 and 2 to switch on the dryer. Open the contact between terminals 1 and 2 to switch off the dryer.



Only use potential-free contacts that are suitable for low voltage. Ensure the sufficient insulation of potentially dangerous voltage-carrying components.

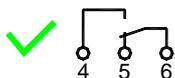


#### CAUTION!

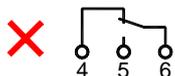
**Automatic restart / remote control ON/OFF. The unit may start up without any active influence! The user will be responsible for the installation of proper protections for possible sudden power restoration to the dryer.**

### 11.16.8 Operation of the potential-free failure/alarm contact

The DMC24 is equipped with a potential-free contact to indicate failures or alarm conditions.



Dryer is switched on, no service warning and no alarm (active and not yet reset) indicated.



Dryer is off or a service warning or alarm (active and not yet reset) is indicated.

### 11.16.9 Connection to a serial line

The DMC24 can be connected to a serial monitoring line, a remote control or a notebook for the download of the alarm log files (memory).

For further information, please contact your retailer or your service centre.

### 11.17 Electronically level-controlled BEKOMAT condensate drain

The electronically level-controlled BEKOMAT condensate drain boasts a special condensate management which ensures that condensate is discharged safely and without an unnecessary loss of compressed air. This drain has a condensate collection container in which a capacitive sensor continuously monitors the liquid level. As soon as the switching level is reached, the capacitive sensor transmits a signal to the electronic control and a membrane solenoid valve opens to discharge the condensate. The BEKOMAT closes before compressed air emerges.



#### Note!

These BEKOMAT condensate drains were designed in particular for the operation in a **DP RA LC** refrigeration dryer - chiller. The installation in other compressed-air processing systems or the replacement with another drain brand can lead to malfunction. The maximum operating pressure (see name plate) must not be exceeded!

**Ensure that the upstream valve is open when the dryer starts operation.**

**To obtain detailed information regarding drain functions, troubleshooting, maintenance and spare parts, please read the installation and operating instructions of the BEKOMAT condensate drain.**

## 12 Maintenance, troubleshooting, spare parts and dismantling

### 12.1 Checks and maintenance



#### Certified skilled personnel

Installation works must exclusively be carried out by authorised and qualified skilled personnel. Prior to undertaking any measures on the DRYPOINT® RA LC 280-420 NA compressed-air refrigeration dryer - chiller, the certified skilled personnel<sup>4</sup> shall read up on the device by carefully studying the operating instructions. The operator is responsible for the adherence to these provisions. The respective directives in force apply to the qualification and expertise of the certified skilled personnel.

For safe operation, the device must only be installed and operated in accordance with the indications in the operating instructions. In addition, the national and operational statutory provisions and safety regulations, as well as the accident prevention regulations required for the respective case of application, need to be observed during employment. This applies accordingly when accessories are used



#### Danger!

##### Compressed air!

**Risk of serious injury or death through contact with quickly or suddenly escaping compressed air or through bursting and/or unsecured plant components.**

Compressed air is a highly dangerous energy source.

Never work on the dryer when the system is under pressure.

Never direct the compressed-air outlet or condensate drain hoses at persons.

The user is responsible for the proper maintenance of the dryer. Non-observance of the instructions in the "Installation" and "Maintenance, troubleshooting, spare parts and dismantling" chapters leads to the expiration of the guarantee. Improper maintenance may result in dangerous situations for the personnel and/or the device.



#### Danger!

##### Supply voltage!

**Contact with non-insulated parts carrying supply voltage involves the risk of an electric shock resulting in injuries and death.**

Only qualified and skilled personnel are authorised to run electrically-operated devices. Prior to undertaking maintenance measures at the device, the following requirements must be met:

Make sure that the power supply is switched off and that the device is off and marked for maintenance measures. Please also ensure that the power supply cannot be re-established during the works.



Prior to carrying out maintenance works at the dryer, switch it off and wait for at least 30 minutes.



#### Caution!

##### Hot surfaces!

**During operation, several components can reach surface temperatures of more than +140°F (60°C). There is the risk of burns.**

All components concerned are installed inside of the closed housing. The housing must only be opened by certified skilled personnel.

Some components can reach high temperatures during operation. Avoid any contact until the system or the component has cooled down.

<sup>4</sup> Certified skilled personnel are persons who are authorised by the manufacturer, with experience and technical training, who are well-grounded in the respective provisions and laws and capable of carrying out the required works and of identifying and avoiding any risks during the machine transport, installation, operation and maintenance. Qualified and authorised operators are persons who are instructed by the manufacturer regarding the handling of the refrigeration system, with experience and technical training, and who are well-grounded in the respective provisions and laws.



**DAILY:**

- Check whether the dew point indicated on the electronics is correct.
- Ensure that the condensate drain system functions properly.
- Make sure that the condenser is clean.

**EVERY 200 HOURS OR MONTHLY**



- Clean the condenser using an air jet (max. 2 bar / 30 psig) inside out. Make sure not to damage the aluminium lamellae of the cooling package.
- Finally, verify the operation of the device.

**EVERY 1,000 HOURS OR ANNUALLY**



- Verify all screws, clamps and connections of the electric system to make sure that they are fastened securely. Check the device for broken and ruptured cables or cables without insulation.
- Check the refrigeration cycle for signs of oil and refrigerant leaks.
- Measure the current strength and note it down. Ensure that the read values are within the permissible limit values, as indicated in the specification table.
- Check the hose lines of the condensate drain and replace them, if required.
- Finally, verify the operation of the device.

**12.2 Troubleshooting**



**Certified skilled personnel**

Installation works must exclusively be carried out by authorised and qualified skilled personnel. Prior to undertaking any measures on the DRYPOINT® RA LC 280-420 NA compressed-air refrigeration dryer - chiller, the certified skilled personnel shall read up on the device by carefully studying the operating instructions. The operator is responsible for the adherence to these provisions. The respective directives in force apply to the qualification and expertise of the certified skilled personnel.

For safe operation, the device must only be installed and operated in accordance with the indications in the operating instructions. In addition, the national and operational statutory provisions and safety regulations, as well as the accident prevention regulations required for the respective case of application, need to be observed during employment. This applies accordingly when accessories are used.



**Danger!**

**Compressed air!**

**Risk of serious injury or death through contact with quickly or suddenly escaping compressed air or through bursting and/or unsecured plant components.**

Compressed air is a highly dangerous energy source.

Never work on the dryer when the system is under pressure.

Never direct the compressed-air outlet or condensate drain hoses at persons.

The user is responsible for the proper maintenance of the dryer. Non-observance of the instructions in the "Installation" and "Maintenance, troubleshooting, spare parts and dismantling" chapters leads to the expiration of the guarantee. Improper maintenance may result in dangerous situations for the personnel and/or the device.



**Danger!**

**Supply voltage!**

Contact with non-insulated parts carrying supply voltage involves the risk of an electric shock resulting in injuries and death.

Only qualified and skilled personnel are authorised to run electrically-operated devices. Prior to undertaking maintenance measures at the device, the following requirements must be met:

Make sure that the power supply is switched off and that the device is off and marked for maintenance measures. Please also ensure that the power supply cannot be re-established during the works.



Prior to carrying out maintenance works at the dryer, switch it off and wait for at least 30 minutes.



**Caution!**

**Hot surfaces!**

During operation, several components can reach surface temperatures of more than +140°F (60°C). There is the risk of burns.

All components concerned are installed inside of the closed housing. The housing must only be opened by certified skilled personnel.

Some components can reach high temperatures during operation. Avoid any contact until the system or the component has cooled down.

FAULT	POSSIBLE REASON – SUGGESTED MEASURE
<p>◆ The dryer does not start.</p>	<p>⇒ Check the power supply.            ⇒ Check the electric cabling.            ⇒ Fuse breakdown (see FU1/FU2/FU4 in the electric diagram) in the auxiliary circuit – replace it and check the proper operation of the dryer.            ⇒ <b>DMC24-</b> The  LED is on – see the corresponding point.</p>
<p>◆ The refrigerating compressor does not work.</p>	<p>⇒ The internal guard was activated – wait 30 minutes and then recheck.            ⇒ Check the electric cabling.            ⇒ <b>DMC24-</b> Internal delay of the device – the display shows the seconds prior to the start-up.            ⇒ <b>DMC24-</b> The  LED is on – see the corresponding point.            ⇒ In the event that the compressor still does not work, replace it.</p>
<p>◆ The fan of the condenser does not work (air-cooled).</p>	<p>⇒ Check the electric cabling.            ⇒ Power contactor of the fan is defective (see KV1/KV2 in the electric diagram) – replace it.            ⇒ <b>DMC24-</b> The  LED is on – see the corresponding point.            ⇒ Refrigerant gas loss – contact a specialist for refrigerating plants.            ⇒ In the event that the fan still does not work, replace it.</p>
<p>◆ Dew point too high</p>	<p>⇒ Dryer does not start up – see the corresponding paragraph.            ⇒ The T1 dew point sensor does not record the temperature properly – ensure that the sensor is pushed down to the bottom of the aluminium tube immersion sleeve.            ⇒ The refrigerating compressor does not work – see the corresponding paragraph.            ⇒ The room temperature is too high or the air change insufficient – ensure sufficient ventilation (air-cooled).            ⇒ The inlet air is too hot – re-establish the operating conditions indic.on the name plate.            ⇒ The inlet air pressure is too low - re-establish the operating conditions indic.on the name plate.            ⇒ The inlet air throughput is higher than the throughput intended for operation – reduce the throughput - re-establish the operating conditions indic.on the name plate.            ⇒ The condenser is dirty – please clean it (air-cooled).            ⇒ The fan does not work – see the corresponding paragraph (air-cooling).            ⇒ The cooling water is too hot - re-establish the operating conditions indic.on the name plate (water-cooled).            ⇒ The cooling-water flow is insufficient - re-establish the operating conditions indic.on the name plate (water-cooled).            ⇒ The dryer does not discharge condensate – see the corresponding paragraph.            ⇒ The hot-gas bypass valve needs to be re-adjusted – contact a specialist for refrigerating plants to have the nominal calibration re-established.            ⇒ Refrigerant gas loss – contact a specialist for refrigerating plants.</p>
<p>◆ Dew point too low.</p>	<p>⇒ The fan runs continuously – ensure perfect functioning of the fan power contactor (see KV1/KV2 on the electric diagram) and/or of the pressure transducer (see BHP on the electric diagram) – (air-cooled).            ⇒ The ambient temperature is too low – re-establish the conditions indic.on the name plate.            ⇒ The hot-gas bypass valve needs to be re-adjusted – contact a specialist for refrigerating plants to have the nominal calibration re-established.</p>
<p>◆ Extreme pressure drop in the dryer.</p>	<p>⇒ The dryer does not discharge the condensate – see the corresponding paragraph.            ⇒ The pressure dew point is too low – the condensate is frozen, therefore, air cannot enter – see the corresponding paragraph.            ⇒ Make sure that the connection hoses are not pinched off.</p>
<p>◆ The dryer does not drain the condensate.</p>	<p>⇒ The system pressure is too low and condensate is not discharged – re-establish the nominal conditions.            ⇒ Valve for the condensate drainage is closed – open the valve.            ⇒ Check the electric cabling.            ⇒ Pressure dew point too low – the condensate is frozen – see the corresponding paragraph.            ⇒ BEKOMAT-discharge unit does not work properly (see BEKOMAT manual).            ⇒ BEKOMAT discharge unit is dirty (see BEKOMAT manual).</p>
<p>◆ The dryer continuously discharges condensate.</p>	<p>⇒ BEKOMAT discharge unit is dirty (see BEKOMAT manual).</p>
<p>◆ Water in the line.</p>	<p>⇒ The dryer does not start – see the corresponding section.            ⇒ If installed: untreated air flows through the bypass group - close it.            ⇒ The dryer does not drain condensate – see the corresponding paragraph.            ⇒ The pressure dew point is too high – see the corresponding paragraph.</p>

- ◆ The high-pressure switch HPS has triggered.
- ⇒ Check which of the following reasons is responsible for the triggering:
    1. The room temperature is too high or the air change insufficient – ensure sufficient ventilation (air-cooled).
    2. The condenser is dirty – please clean it (air-cooled).
    3. The fan does not work – see the corresponding paragraph (air-cooled).
    4. The cooling water is too hot – re-establish the operating conditions indic. on the name plate (water-cooled).
    5. Cooling-water flow insufficient - re-establish the operating conditions indic. on the name plate (water-cooled).
  - ⇒ Re-adjust the high-pressure switch, press the corresponding push button - check the dryer for proper operation/function.
  - ⇒ The HPS pressure failed or is defective – contact a specialist for refrigerating plants – replace the high-pressure switch.
- 
- ◆ The LPS low-pressure switch was triggered.
- ⇒ Refrigerant gas loss – contact a specialist for refrigerating plants.
  - ⇒ The low-pressure switch is automatically reset as soon as the nominal conditions are re-established – check the dryer for proper functioning.
- 
- ◆ DMC24-  LED is on.
- ⇒ At a flashing  LED: one or more alarms are active and the display shows **OFF** and the active alarms. When the  LED is lit: one or more alarms need to be reset and the display shows **OFF** and the alarms which are no longer active but which still need to be reset.
  - ⇒ The alarms are indicated by the following messages:
    1. **HP** : HPS pressure switch triggered (refrigerant high pressure) because the condensation pressure is too high – see the corresponding paragraph (NOTE: press the reset button on the HPS pressure switch when the problem is eliminated).
    2. **LP** : LPS pressure switch triggered (low pressure) because the refrigerant pressure is too low – see the corresponding paragraph.
    3. **Con** : Con – The electrical protection of the compressor has triggered (see Q1/QC1 on the electric diagram) – reset and check the perfect functioning of the dryer.
    4. **Con** : Con – during first startup - The main electrical connection of the compressor are connected incorrectly (see RPP on the electric diagram) – change the direction of rotation and interchange two phases. These modifications must only be carried out by a qualified electrician. DO NOT AVOID THE RPP PROTECTION: If the device is operated with the incorrect direction of rotation, the compressor will fail immediately. This will void the guarantee.
    5. **Con** : Con – one phase of power supply of dryer is missing (see RPP on the electric diagram) – restore the missing phase.
    6. **Con** : Con – Reverse Phase Protector (RPP) is faulty – replace it.
    7. **FAn** : FAn – The electrical protection of the fan has triggered (see QV1 on the electric diagram) – reset and check the perfect functioning of the dryer (air-cooled).
    8. **FAn** : FAn – The thermal protection in the fan has triggered (see MF on the circuit diagram – wait 30 minutes and retry (air-cooled).
    9. **Hdt** : Hdt – The outlet temperature protection of the compressor has triggered as a result of a very high temperature (probe T4) – see the corresponding paragraph.
    10. **ICE** : ICE – The temperature inside the exchanger (probe T1) is too low – the dew point is too low – see the corresponding paragraph.
    11. **LCP** : LCP – The condensation pressure is too low – see the corresponding paragraph.
    12. **PF4** : PF4 – Failure temperature probe T4 (compressor outlet) – check the electric cabling and/or replace the probe.
    13. **PFP** : PFP – Failure pressure transducer BHP (condensation pressure) – check the electric cabling and/or replace the transformer.
- NOTE: The alarms need to be reset when the problem is eliminated (simultaneously press the   buttons for three seconds).

- ◆ The DMC24-LED is on.
  - ⇒ When the LED flashes, one or more service warnings are active. When the LED is lit: one or more service warnings need to be reset. The display shows the dew point temperature and the service warning which is active or which is not yet reset.
  - ⇒ The service warnings are indicated by the following messages:
    1. **PF1** : PF1 – Failure temperature probe T1 (dew point) – check the electric cabling and/or replace the probe.
    2. **PF2**: PF2 – Failure temperature probe T2 (air IN) – check the electric cabling and/or replace the probe.
    3. **PF3** : PF3 – Failure temperature probe T3 (compressor intake) – check the electric cabling and/or replace the probe.
    4. **Hdp** : Hdp – Dew point too high (higher than the adjusted alarm value) – see the corresponding paragraph.
    5. **Ldp** : Ldp – Dew point too low – see the corresponding paragraph.
    6. **drn** : drn – The condensate drain does not work properly (condensate drain contact open – if an electronic drain is installed) – see the corresponding paragraph.
    7. **SrV** : SrV - Service – maintenance notification time expired (parameter SrV) – carry out the scheduled maintenance and reset the hour meter.
    8. **dt** : dt – Compressor supply temperature too high (probe T4) – see the corresponding paragraph.
    9. **HCP** : HCP – Condensation temperature too high – see the corresponding paragraph.

NOTE: The services need to be reset when the problem is eliminated (simultaneously press the

  buttons for at least three seconds).

- ◆ Compressor outlet temperature too high.
  - ⇒ Find out the reason for the fault:
    1. Excessive thermal load – re-establish the nominal conditions.
    2. The inlet air is too hot – re-establish the nominal conditions.
    3. The ambient air temperature is too high or the room ventilation insufficient – ensure sufficient ventilation.
    4. The condenser is dirty – please clean it.
    5. The fan does not work – see the corresponding section.
    6. The fan runs continuously – ensure perfect functioning of the power contactor of the fan (see KV1/KV2 on the electric diagram) and/or of the pressure transducer (see BHP on the electric diagram) – (air-cooled).
    7. The hot-gas bypass valve needs to be re-adjusted – contact a specialist to have the nominal calibration re-established.
    8. The temperature of the cooling water is too low – re-establish the nominal conditions (water-cooled).
    9. The adjusting valve for the cooling-water flow needs to be re-adjusted - contact a specialist to have the nominal calibration re-established (water-cooled).
    10. Refrigerant gas leak – contact a technician for refrigeration plants.
- ◆ Condensation pressure too high.
  - ⇒ Find out the reason for the fault:
    1. The ambient air temperature is too high or the air change insufficient in this area – ensure sufficient ventilation (air-cooled).
    2. The condenser filter is dirty – please clean or replace it (air-cooled).
    3. The fan does not work – see the corresponding section (air-cooled).
    4. The cooling water is too hot – re-establish the nominal conditions (water-cooled).
    5. The cooling-water flow is insufficient – re-establish the nominal conditions (water-cooled).
- ◆ Condensation pressure too low.
  - ⇒ Find out the reason for the fault:
    1. The fan runs continuously – ensure perfect functioning of the power contactor of the fan (see KV1/KV2 on the electric diagram) and/or of the pressure transducer (see BHP on the electric diagram).
    2. The ambient temperature is too low – re-establish the nominal conditions.
    3. Air flows through the condenser although the fan is switched off – protect the dryer against wind or external air flows (not caused by the fan of the dryer).
    4. The cooling-water temperature is too low – re-establish the nominal conditions (water-cooled).
    5. The adjusting valve for the cooling-water flow needs to be re-adjusted - contact a technician for refrigeration plants to have the nominal calibration re-established (water-cooled).
    6. Refrigerant gas leak – contact a technician for refrigeration plants.
    7. Compressor does not work – see specific point.

## 12.3 Recommended spare parts

**NOTE:** To order the recommended spare parts or other elements, the data on the name plate must be indicated.

ID N.		DESCRIPTION	DP RA LC NA		
			280	350	420
2	LPS	Pressure switch	1	1	1
4	HPS	Pressure switch	1	1	1
6	MC	Compressor	1		
				1	
					1
7		Hot gas by-pass valve	2	2	2
9	MV	Complete fan	1	1	1
10		Filter drier	1	1	1
12	BT	Temperature probe	4	4	4
14		Y strainer	1	1	1
15	EVD	Condensate drain solenoid valve	1	1	1
17	DMC24	Display module	1	1	1
		Main module (air cooled)	1	1	1
		Main module (water cooled)	1	1	1
		Cable main module to display	1	1	1
19		Water regulating valve (water cooled)	1	1	1
21	ELD	Electronic drainer	1	1	1
		Service unit for electronic drainer	1	1	1
22	QS	Main switch	1	1	1
37		Pressure transducer	1	1	1
60	Q1	Circuit breaker	1	1	1
	Q1	Auxiliary contact	1	1	1
	FU	Fuse kit	1	1	1
	KC1-KV1-KV2	Contactors	3	3	3
	KV1-KV2	Mechanical interlock	1	1	1
	KHP	Relay	1	1	1
	TF	Transformer	1	1	1
RPP	Reverse phase protector	1	1	1	

12.4 Maintenance works at the refrigeration cycle



**Caution!**  
**Refrigerant!**

Maintenance and repair works at refrigeration systems must only be carried out by BEKO service technicians in accordance with the local provisions.  
The total amount of refrigerant in the system must be collected for recycling purposes, resource recovery or disposal.

**The refrigerant must not be discharged into the environment.**

When delivered, the dryer is ready to operate and filled with a refrigerant of the R407C type.



Should you detect a refrigerant leak, please contact a BEKO service technician. Prior to any intervention, the room needs to be ventilated.

When the refrigeration cycle needs to be refilled, please also contact a BEKO service technician. You will find the refrigerant type and amount on the name plate of the dryer.

Properties of the refrigerant used:

Refrigerant	Chemical formula	MIK	GWP
R407C - HFC	R32/125/134a (23/25/52) CHF <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub> /CH <sub>2</sub> F <sub>2</sub> /CH <sub>2</sub> FCF <sub>3</sub>	1000 ppm	1773.85

12.5 Dismantling the dryer

When the dryer is dismantled, all parts and operating materials related to the plant need to be disposed of separately.



Part	Material
Refrigerant fluid	R407C, R134a, Oil
Canopy and supports	Carbon steel, Epoxy paint
Refrigerating compressor	Steel, Copper, Aluminium, Oil
Heat exchanger	Stainless steel, Copper
Condensate separator	Stainless steel
Condenser unit	Aluminium, Copper, Carbon steel
Pipe	Copper
Fan	Aluminium, Copper, Steel
Valve	Brass, Steel
Electronic level drain	PVC, Aluminium, Steel
Insulation material	Synthetic rubber without CFC, Polystyrene, Polyurethane
Electric cable	Copper, PVC
Electric parts	PVC, Copper, Brass



We recommend observing the safety provisions in force for the disposal of each material type.  
The refrigerant contains lubricating-oil droplets which are released by the compressor.  
The refrigerant must not be discharged into the environment. It must be sucked off from the dryer using a suitable device, and then needs to be supplied to a collection point.



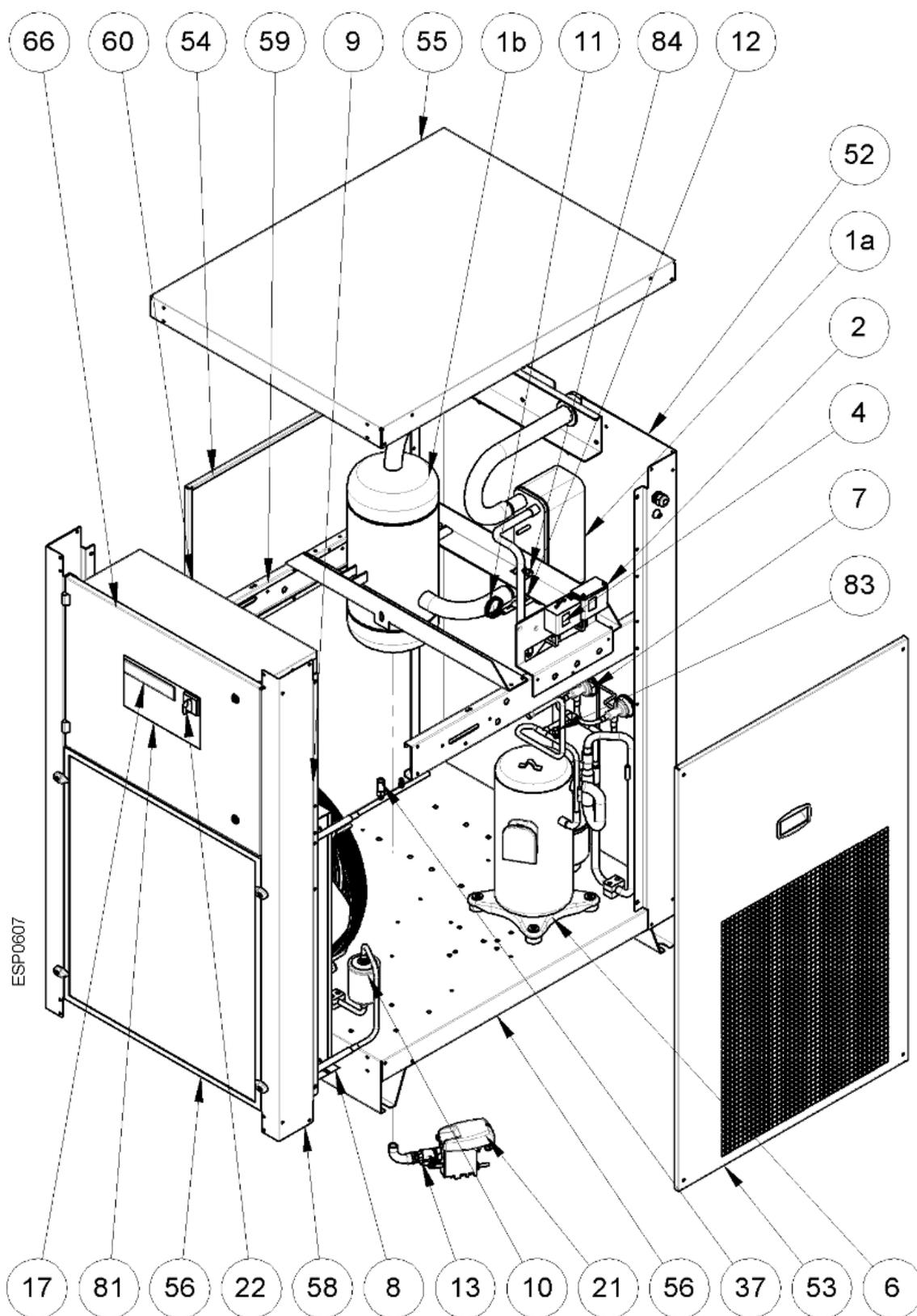
**13.2 Exploded diagrams**

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**13.2.1 Components of the exploded diagrams**

<b>1</b>	Heat exchanger group a – Air-to-refrigerant heat exchanger b – Condensate separator	<b>22</b>	Main switch
<b>2</b>	Refrigerant pressure switch LPS	<b>37</b>	Refrigerant pressure transducer
<b>4</b>	Refrigerant pressure switch HPS	<b>51</b>	Front panel
<b>6</b>	Compressor	<b>52</b>	Back plate
<b>7</b>	Hot-gas bypass valve	<b>53</b>	Right sidewall
<b>8</b>	Condenser (air-cooled)	<b>54</b>	Left sidewall
<b>9</b>	Condenser fan	<b>55</b>	Cover
<b>10</b>	Filter dryer	<b>56</b>	Base plate
<b>11</b>	Capillary tube	<b>57</b>	Upper plate
<b>12</b>	T1 temperature probe (dew point)	<b>58</b>	Carrier support
<b>13</b>	Condensate drain service valve	<b>59</b>	Support bracket
<b>17</b>	Air dryer control	<b>60</b>	Control panel
<b>18</b>	Condenser (water-cooled)	<b>65</b>	Condenser filter
<b>19</b>	Condenser water-regulating valve (water-cooled)	<b>66</b>	QE door
<b>20</b>	Refrigerant reservoir (water-cooled)	<b>81</b>	Adhesive label flow chart
<b>21</b>	BEKOMAT drain	<b>83</b>	Refrigerant service valve – high pressure
		<b>84</b>	Refrigerant service valve – low pressure
		<b>100</b>	Autotransformer

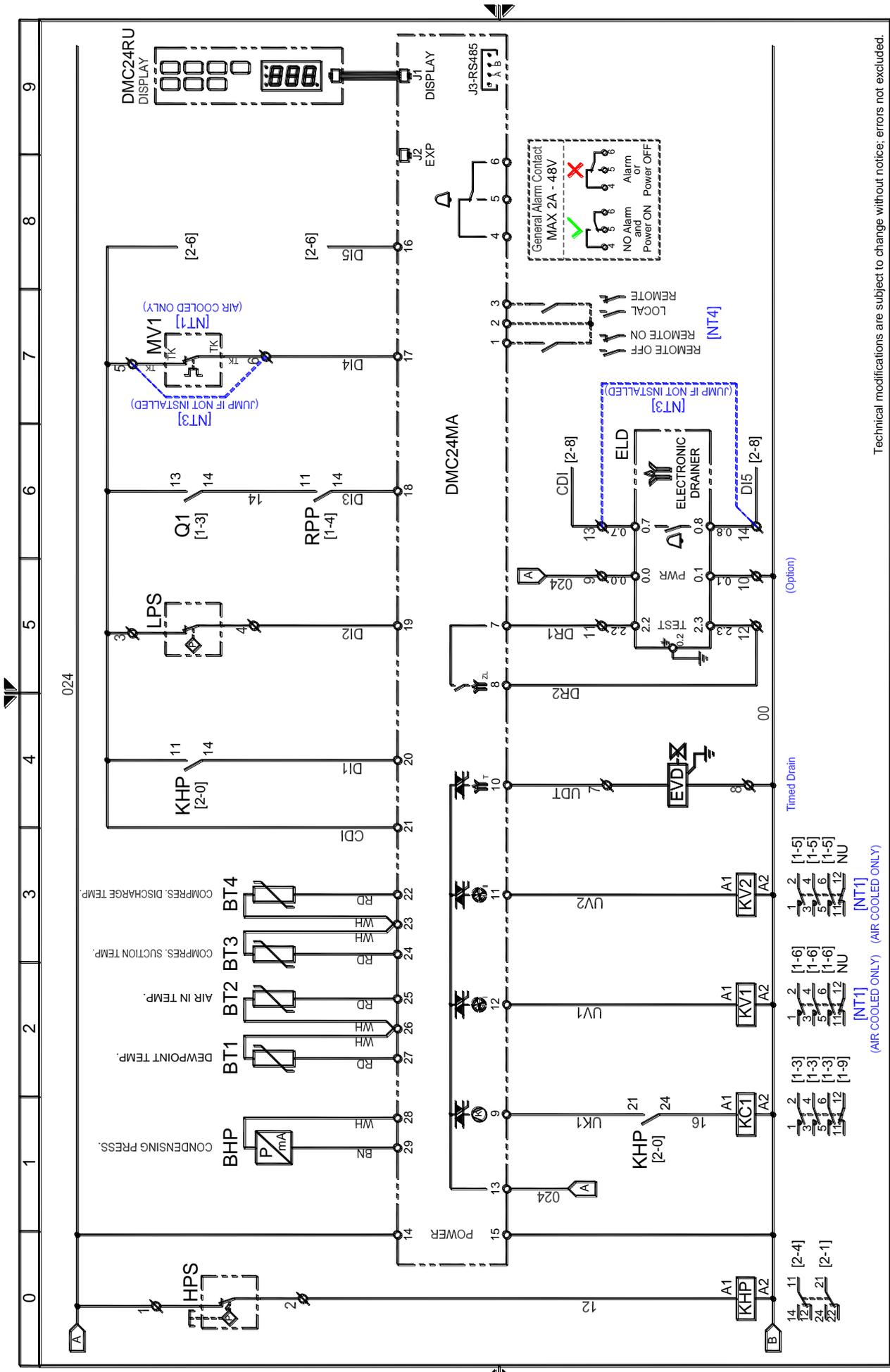
13.2.2 Exploded diagram DP RA LC 280-420 NA







13.3.3 Electric diagrams DP RA LC 280-420 NA - Electronic control unit DMC 24 Sheet 2/3

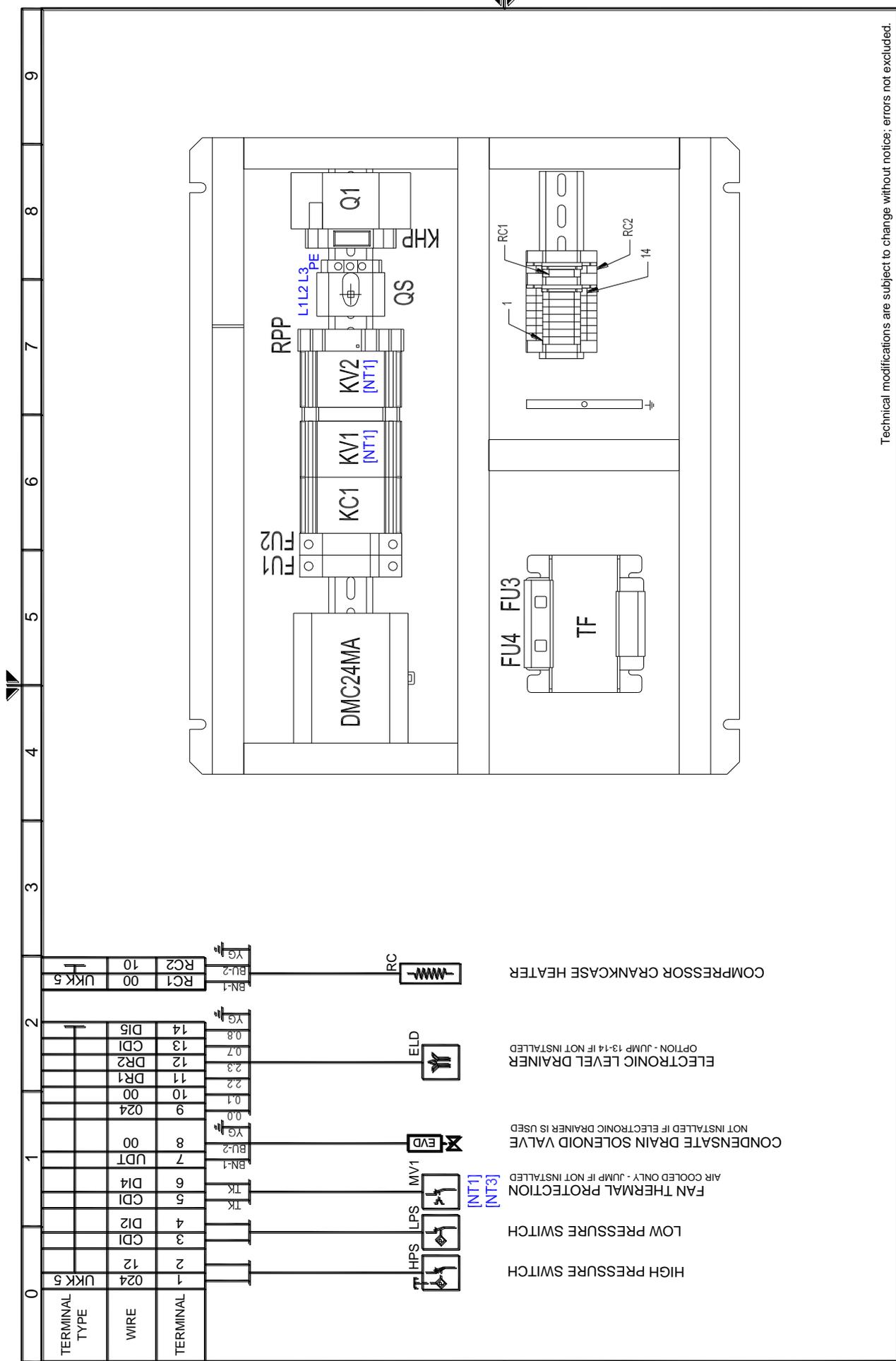


Technical modifications are subject to change without notice; errors not excluded.

Drawing no.: FRPCD5478QC001 Rev. 01

Note: Sheet 02 of 03

13.3.4 Electric diagrams DP RA LC 280-420 NA - Electronic control unit DMC 24 Sheet 3/3



Technical modifications are subject to change without notice; errors not excluded.  
 Drawing no.: FRPCD5478QC001  
 Rev. 01  
 Note: Sheet 03 of 03

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Original operating instructions in English.  
Subject to technical changes / errors excepted.  
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